A1 Aspect Park Golf Course, Remenham, Henley, Berkshire ALC Map and Report June, 1994

AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

ASPECT PARK GOLF COURSE, REMENHAM, HENLEY, BERKSHIRE

Introduction

- 1.1 ADAS was commissioned by MAFF's Land Use Planning Unit to provide information on the land quality of approximately 35 hectares of land adjacent to Aspect Park Golf Course at Remenham, east of Henley, in Berkshire. The site was the subject of an ad hoc planning application for an extension to the golf course.
- 1.2 An Agricultural Land Classification survey was carried out in June, 1994, by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Guildford Statutory Group of ADAS.
- 1.3 The survey was undertaken at a detailed level of approximately one boring per hectare. A total of 23 borings and two soil inspection pits were assessed in accordance with MAFF's revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land (MAFF, 1988). These guidelines provide a framework for classifying land according to the extent to which its physical or chemical characteristics impose long-term limitations on its use for agriculture.
- 1.4 At the time of the survey the northern block of agricultural land was under permanent grass and the southern block had been recently ploughed. The Nonagricultural areas shown are mostly woodland with some scrub and agricultural tracks. The details of the area measurements are given in the table below and shown on the attached ALC map. The map has been drawn at a scale of 1:10,000. It is accurate at this scale, but any enlargement would be misleading. This map supersedes any previous survey information for this site.

Table 1 : Distribution of Grades and Subgrades													
Grade	Area (ha)	% of Site	% of Agricultural										
			Area										
2	14.1	40.4	51.6										
3a	2.5	7.2	9.2										
3b	10.7	30.6	<u>39.2</u>										
Non Agricultura	1 6.7	19.2	100% (27,3 ha)										
Agricultural Bld	gs <u>0.9</u>	<u>2.6</u>	- -										
Total	34.9 ha	100%											

1.5 The agricultural land has been classified as Grade 2 (very good quality) in the north and a mixture of Subgrade 3a (good quality) and Subgrade 3b (moderate quality) in the south. The soils across the site are quite variable, particularly in the south. Here, soil wetness is the key limiting factor; heavy profiles with poorly

draining clay subsoils experience a significant soil wetness and soil workability limitation. In the north the profiles are generally lighter and free-draining but individual borings may be slightly wet or slightly droughty and, given this, the land is believed to be no better than Grade 2.

1.6 A general description of the grades, subgrades and land use categories is provided in Appendix I. The main classes are described in terms of the type of limitation that can occur, the typical cropping range and the expected level and consistency of yield.

2. Climate

- 2.1 The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions.
- 2.2 The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall, as a measure of overall wetness, and accumulated temperature, as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality. The combination of rainfall and temperature at this site mean that there is no overall climatic limitation.

Table 2 : Climatic Interpolation

Grid Reference	SU783825
Altitude (m, AOD)	95
Accumulated Temperature	1409
(°days, Jan-June)	
Average Annual Rainfall (mm)	717
Field Capacity Days	152
Moisture deficit, wheat (mm)	105
Moisture deficit, potatoes (mm)) 97
Overall Climatic Grade	1

3. Relief

3.1 The site occupies flat or very gently sloping land at an altitude of 95-105 metres. Nowhere on the site do relief or gradient affect agricultural land quality.

4. Geology and Soils

4.1 The published geology map for the site area, (BGS Sheet 254 : Henley-on-Thames, 1905) shows the site to be underlain by a mixture of Upper Chalk and London Clay. 4.2 The published soils information for the area (SSEW 1983, Sheet 6, 1:250,000) shows the site to comprise the Frilsham association, described as shallow, well-drained fine loamy soils over Chalk.

5. Agricultural Land Classification

- 5.1 The ALC classification of the site is shown on the attached ALC map.
- 5.2 The location of the soil observation points are shown on the attached sample point map.

Grade 2

- 5.3 The northern land on the site has been placed in this grade as a result of the soil wetness and soil droughtiness that exists to varying degrees in this area. Some Grade 1 borings do occur (borings 2 and 8) but, generally, there is a slight wetness or droughtiness limitation which limits the flexibility of the land. The soils are lighter in topsoil texture than those to the south, generally being medium clay loams, but possess clay subsoils as does most of the site. The subsoils may be free-draining but occasionally, and especially near the Subgrade 3b boundary, show evidence of subsoil wetness in the form of gleying and slowly permeable layers. Given the variation, it has not been possible to pick out these wetter areas.
- 5.4 Some of the soils were impenetrable to the auger in the upper subsoil and there may be a variation in profile stone content in this map unit which would slightly affect the available water content. There is also a slightly disturbed area on the north-western fringe between borings 5 and 6 where the land is at a slightly lower level and the grass response is poor, and there was also an old farm track that crossed part of this land.

Subgrade 3a

5.5 A small area of land in the south-east of the site has been placed in this grade with soil wetness as the key limitation. The soils in this map unit have similar physical characteristics to the adjacent Subgrade 3b land but are distinguished on the basis of a lighter topsoil texture (medium clay loam as opposed to heavy clay loam) and, therefore, a greater flexibility in terms of workability. See para 5.6 and borings 29 and 32 for details.

Subgrade 3b

5.6 Most of the southern land on the site has been placed in this grade with soil wetness as the key limitation. Two soil pits have been described in this map unit. Both show soils that have been placed in Wetness Class III as a result of shallow slowly permeable layers (at approximately 45 cm) and associated shallow gleying (mostly below 40cm but occasionally above). The slowly permeable layers relate

to clays with angular blocky structures. Pit 1, in particular, showed the SPLs starting higher than anticipated based on augering alone and with a more marked degree of gleying. Ped faces were clearly pale with good ped skins, with clear evidence of mottling and manganese concretions. The matrix colours in these soils were often difficult to describe down the auger, being in the 10YR54-53 range (and their 7.5YR equivalents), but the exposure in the pit confirmed both a pale matrix and pale ped faces; the soils are not generally 'slightly gleyed' they are 'gleyed'. The combination of Wetness Class and topsoil texture (heavy clay loam) restricts this land to Subgrade 3b, given the prevailing field capacity level (152 days).

- 5.7 The soils in this unit <u>are</u> variable. Individual borings of Grade 2 have been described (see borings 22 and 33) but are placed in the lower grade because of the variation over short distances. One of the variations is in the depth to layers of clay with high percentages of Chalk (see ASPs 23 and 26). These particular soils often have clay upper subsoils which are Chalk-free and which show impaired drainage but the clays are not thick enough to qualify as slowly permeable. Another variation is in the topsoil texture. Generally, the topsoils are heavy clay loam but they may range into clay.
- 5.8 Pit 2 has been placed in this grade even though it is technically classified as Subgrade 3a. As with the adjacent Subgrade 3b land, soil wetness is the key limitation. The description of the pit is similar to the adjacent borings (see ASPs 16, 20 and 21) with the important exception of a lighter topsoil (medium clay loam). To the north, the soils are either free-draining or have deeper SPLs and it was therefore decided to include the land at Pit 2 in the Subgrade 3b map unit; it is not possible to distinguish a separate area of Subgrade 3a wetness here.

ADAS Ref: 0206/108/94 MAFF Ref: EL 33/461 Resource Planning Team Guildford Statutory Group ADAS Reading

APPENDIX I

DESCRIPTION OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

Grade 1 : Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

Grade 2 : Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield, cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

Grade 3 : Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, the timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown, yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

Subgrade 3a : Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals, or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals, grass, oilseed rape, potatoes, sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops.

Subgrade 3b : Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass, or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.

... ÷

Grade 4 : Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (eg. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

Grade 5 : Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops.

- 6

Urban

Built-up or 'hard' uses with relatively little potential for a return to agriculture including: housing, industry, commerce, education, transport, religous buildings, cemetries. Also, hard-surfaced sports facilities, permanent caravan sites and vacant land; all types of derelict land, including mineral workings which are only likely to be reclaimed using derelict land grants.

Non-agricultural

'Soft' uses where most of the land could be returned relatively easily to agriculture, including: private parkland, public open spaces, sports fields, allotments and soft-surfaced areas on airports. Also active mineral workings and refuse tips where restoration conditions to 'soft' after-uses may apply.

Woodland

Includes commercial and non-commercial woodland. A distinction may be made as necessary between farm and non-farm woodland.

Agricultural Buildings

Includes the normal range of agricultural buildings as well as other relatively permanent structures such as glasshouses. Temporary structures (eg. polythene tunnels erected for lambing) may be ignored.

Open Water

Includes lakes, ponds and rivers as map scale permits.

Land Not Surveyed

Agricultural land which has not been surveyed.

Where the land use includes more than one of the above, eg. buildings in large grounds, and where map scale permits, the cover types may be shown separately. Otherwise, the most extensive cover type will be shown.

. 4

引动的中心的

APPENDIX II

۰.

REFERENCES

British Geological Survey (1905), Sheet Number 254, Henley-on-Thames, 1:63,360.

MAFF (1988), Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales : Revised Guidelines and Criteria for Grading the Quality of Agricultural Land.

Meteorological Office (1989), Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983), Sheet Number 6, Soils of South East England, 1:250,000.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1984), Soils and their Use in South East England, Bulletin Number 15.

APPENDIX III

DEFINITION OF SOIL WETNESS CLASS

Wetness Class I

The soil profile is not wet within 70 cm depth for more than 30 days in most years.

Wetness Class II

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 31-90 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days, but only wet within 40 cm depth for 31-90 days in most years.

Wetness Class III

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 91-180 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days, but only wet within 40 cm depth for between 31-90 days in most years.

Wetness Class IV

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for more than 180 days but not wet within 40 cm depth fro more than 210 days in most years **or**, if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 40 cm depth for 91-210 days in most years.

Wetness Class V

The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for 211-335 days in most years.

Wetness Class VI

The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for more than 335 days in most years.

APPENDIX IV

.

SOIL PIT AND SOIL BORING DESCRIPTIONS

Contents :

٠

Sample Point Map Soil Abbreviations - explanatory note Database Printout - soil pit information Database Printout - boring level information Database Printout - horizon level information

.

SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS : EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a database. This has commonly used notations and abbreviations as set out below.

Boring Header Information

1. GRID REF : national grid square and 8 figure grid reference.

2. USE : Land use at the time of survey. The following abbreviations are used.

ARA : ArableWHT : WheatBAR : BarleyCER : CerealsOAT : OatsMZE : MaizeOSR : Oilseed rapeBEN : Field BeansBRA : BrassicaePOT : PotatoesSBT : Sugar BeetFCD : Fodder CropsLIN : LinseedFRT : Soft and Top FruitHRT : Horticultural CropsPGR : Permanent PastureLEY : Ley GrassRGR : Rough GrazingSCR : ScrubCFW : Coniferous WoodlandDCW : Deciduous WoodlandHTH : HeathlandBOG : Bog or MarshFLW : FallowPLO : PloughedSAS : Set asideOTH : Other

3. GRDNT : Gradient as measured by a hand-held optical clinometer.

4. GLEY/SPL : Depth in cm to gleying or slowly permeable layers.

5. AP (WHEAT/POTS) : Crop-adjusted available water capacity.

6. MB (WHEAT/POTS) : Moisture Balance.

7, DRT : Best grade according to soil droughtiness.

8. If any of the following factors are considered significant, an entry of 'Y' will be entered in the relevant column.

MREL : Microrelief limitation FLOOD : Flood risk EROSN : Soil erosion risk EXP : Exposure limitation FROST : Frost DIST : Disturbed land CHEM : Chemical limitation

9. LIMIT : The main limitation to land quality. The following abbreviations are used.

OC : Overall ClimateAE : AspectEX : ExposureFR : Frost RiskGR : GradientMR : MicroreliefFL : Flood RiskTX : Topsoil TextureDP : Soil DepthCH : ChemicalWE : WetnessWK : WorkabilityDR : DroughtER : Soil Erosion RiskWD : Combined Soil Wetness/DroughtinessST : Topsoil Stoniness

Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1. TEXTURE : soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations.

 S: Sand
 LS: Loamy Sand
 SL: Sandy Loam
 SZL: Sandy Silt Loam
 CL: Clay Loam
 ZCL: Silty Clay Loam

 SCL: Sandy Clay Loam
 C: Clay
 SC: Sandy Clay
 ZC: Silty Clay
 OL: Organic Loam
 P: Peat
 SP: Sandy Peat

 LP: Loamy Peat
 PL: Peaty Loam
 PS: Peaty Sand
 MZ: Marine Light Silts

For the sand, loamy sand, sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes, the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of prefixes.

F : Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0.2mm)

M : Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)

C : Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0.6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub-divided according to the clay content.

M : Medium (<27% clay) H : Heavy (27-35% clay)

2. MOTTLE COL : Mottle colour

3. MOTTLE ABUN : Mottle abundance, expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described.

F: few <2% C: common 2-20% M: many 20-40 VM: very many 40%+

4. MOTTLE CONT : Mottle contrast

F : faint - indistinct mottles, evident only on close inspection
 D : distinct - mottles are readily seen
 P : prominent - mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon

5. PED. COL : Ped face colour

6. STONE LITH : One of the following is used.

HR : all hard rocks and stonesMSST : soft, medium or coarse grained sandstoneSI : soft weathered igneous or metamorphicSLST : soft colitic or dolimitic limestoneFSST : soft, fine grained sandstoneZR : soft, argillaceous, or silty rocksCH : chalkGH : gravel with non-porous (hard) stonesGS : gravel with porous (soft) stones

Stone contents (>2cm, >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume).

7. STRUCT : the degree of development, size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation:

- degree of development WK : weakly developed MD : moderately developed ST : strongly developed

- ped size F : fine M : medium C : coarse VC : very coarse

- <u>ped shape</u> S : single grain M : massive GR : granular AB : angular blocky SAB : sub-angular blocky PR : prismatic PL : platy

8. CONSIST : Soil consistence is described using the following notation:

L: loose VF : very friable FR : friable FM : firm VM : very firm EM : extremely firm EH : extremely hard

9. SUBS STR : Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness.

G:good M:moderate P:poor

10. POR : Soil porosity. If a soil horizon has less than 0.5% biopores > 0.5 mm, a 'Y' will appear in this column.

į

11. IMP : If the profile is impenetrable a 'Y' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon.

12. SPL : Slowly permeable layer. If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a 'Y' will appear in this column.

13. CALC : If the soil horizon is calcareous, a 'Y' will appear in this column.

14. Other notations

APW : available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat APP : available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes MBW : moisture balance, wheat MBP : moisture balance, potatoes

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name	e : REMENHA	VM GOLF, HI	ENLEY	Pit Number	•: 1	IP					
Grid Refe	arence: suī	785 820	Average Annu Accumulated Field Capaci Land Use Slope and As	ual Rainfall Temperature ity Level spect	: 71 : 140 : 152 : Plo	7 mm)9 degree ? days bughed degrees	days				
HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC	
0- 28	HCL	10YR42 00) 2	4	HR						
28- 45	С	10YR53 00) 0	2	HR		MCSAB	FR	м		
45- 80	С	10YR53 54	4 0	0		М	WCAB	FR	М		
Wetness G	irade : 3B		Wetness Clas Gleying SPL	s : III :045 :045	cm cm						
Drought G	irade : 3A		APW : 107mm APP : 115mm	MBW : MBP : 1	2 mm 8 mm						
FINAL ALC	GRADE : 3	B									

.

MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

l

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Nam	e : REMENH	AM GOLF, HI	ENLEY	Pit Number	: 2	?P								
Grid Ref	&rence: su	78358235	Average Annu Accumulated Field Capaci Land Use Slope and As	al Rainfall Temperature ty Level spect	: 717 mm : 1409 degree days : 152 days : Permanent Grass : degrees									
HORIZON 0- 30 30- 42 42- 65	TEXTURE MCL C C	COLOUR 10YR42 00 10YR53 00 25Y 62 00	STONES >2 0 2 0 0 0 0	TOT.STONE 4 7 2	LITH HR HR HR	MOTTLES C C	STRUCTURE MCSAB MCAB	CONSIST FM FM	SUBSTRUCTURE M P	CALC				
Wetness (Srade : 3A		Wetness Clas Gleying SPL	s : III :030 :042	cn									
Drought (Grade : 3A		AP₩ : 090mm APP : 099mm	MBW : -1 MBP :	5 mm 2 mm									
FINAL ALC	GRADE : 3	BA												

MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

,

.

,

program: ALCO12

SAMP	LE		A	SPECT				WETN	NESS	-WH	EAT-	-P0	TS-	M. 6	REL	EROSN	FRO	ST	CHEM	ALC	
NO.	GRID	REF	USE		GRDNT	GLEY	' SPL	CLASS	GRADE	AP	MB	AP	MB	DRT	FLOOD	E	XP	DIST	LIMIT		COMMENTS
1P	su785	820	PLO			045	045	3	3B	107	2	115	18	3A					WE	38	
2	su782	827	PGR			000		1	1	153	48	115	18	1						1	NOGLEY
2P	su783	58235	PGR			030	042	3	3A	090	-15	099	2	ЗA					WE	3A	3B mapunit
4	su784	827	PGR			000		1	1	097	-8	102	5	3A					DR	2	IMP60X2
5	su780	826	PGR			000		1	1	067	-38	067	-30	3B					DR	3A	IMP40X2
6	su781	826	PGR	E	02	000		1	1	061	-44	061	-36	3B					DR	3A	IMP35X3
8	su783	826	PGR			000		1	1	138	33	115	18	1						1	NOGLEY
9	su784	826	PGR			085		1	1	121	16	120	23	2					DR	2	IMPNOGLY
11	su782	825	PGR			040	050	3	3A	098	-7	110	13	3A					WE	3A	SPL
13	su784	825	PGR			000		1	1	11 0	5	118	21	2					DR	2	IMPNOGLY
16	su783	824	PGR			042	042	3	3B		0		0						WE	3B	
17	su784	824	PGR			065	065	2	2	103	-2	115	18	ЗA					WE	2	poss ppf
18	su781	823	PGR	NE	02	000	055	3	3B	099	-6	112	15	3A					WE	3B	
19	su782	823	PGR			058	058	2	2	110	5	115	18	2					WK	2	
20	su783	823	PGR			042	042	3	3B	090	-15	096	-1	ЗА					WE	3B	SPL
21	su784	823	PGR			000		3	3ь	068	-37	068	-29	3B					WE	3B	IMPseeP2
22	su783	822	PLO			000		1	2	110	5	115	18	2					WK	2	NOGLEY
23	su784	822	PL0			000		1	3A	081	-24	082	-15	3B					MK	3A	IMP
25	su784	821	PLO			060	060	2	3A	102	-3	109	12	3A					WE	3B	SPL
26	su785	821	PLO			042		1	2	096	-9	110	13	ЗА					MK	2	IMPNOSPL
29	su786	820	PLO			050		1	2	000	0	000	0						MK	2	IMPNOSPLPOSSPP
30	su774	829	PLO			050	050	3	3B	106	1	110	13	ЗА					WE	3B	SPL
31	su825	779	PL0			060	060	2	3A	102	-3	113	16	ЗА					WE	3A	SPL POSSPPF
32	su826	779	PLO			050	050	3	3A	106	1	111	14	3A					WE	3A	POSS PPF
33	su824	778	PLO			000		1	2	099	-6	113	16	3A					DR	2	IMPNOGLY

page 1

brogram: ALCO11

					OTTLES		PED			-51	TONES-		STRUCT,	1.	SUBS	5			
GAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLEY	>2	>6	LITH	тот	CONSIS	T.	STR	POR	IMP	SPL	CALC
1P	0-28	hc1	10YR42 00						2	0	HR	4							
	28-45	с	10YR53 00						0	0	HR	2	MCSAB	FR	M	Y			
•	45-80	c	10YR53 54	10YR56	5 00 M	1	0YR53	00 Y	0	0		0	WCAB	FR	M	Y		Y	
2	0-25	mcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2							
)	25-50	hc1	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	2			м				
	50-120	hc1	75YR44 00						0	0		0			М				
2P	0-30	mcl	10YR42 00						2	0	HR	4							
	30-42	с	10YR53 00	10YR56	5 00 C	C	OOMNOO	00 Y	0	0	HR	7	MCSAB	FΜ	Μ	Y			
	42-65	с	25Y 62 00	10YR68	3 00 C	2	25Y 63	00 Y	0	0	HR	2	MCAB	FM	Ρ	Y		Y	
4	0-28	mzc]	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2							
	28-60	hc]	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2			Μ				
5	0-25	hc]	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	5							
	25-40	c	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	5			м				
l	40-41	hc1	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	5			M				
6	0-25	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	5							
	25-35	hcl	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	5			м				
8	0-28	mcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2							
	28-45	hc1	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	5			м				
	45-120	c	75YR46 00	000000	00 F				0	0	HR	2			M				
9	0-28	mzcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2							
	28-45	mzcl	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2			м				
	45-60	hc1	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2			м				
	60-85	с	75YR44 00						0	0	HR	2			М				
1	85-90	c	10YR53 56	000000	00 C	0	IOMNOO	00 Y	0	0	HR	2			Ρ	Y			
11	0-28	mc]	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2							
	28-40	hc1	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2			М				
	40-50	с	10YR53 00	000000	00 C			Y	0	0	HR	1			Μ				
J	50-70	с	10YR53 00	000000	00 M			Y	0	0		0			Ρ	Y		Y	
13	0-28	mzcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2							
	28-60	с	75YR46 00			0	IOMN00	00	0	0	HR	2			м				
•	60-80	c	75YR46 00	000000	00 F	0	iomnoo	00	0	0	HR	2			М				
16	0-25	hc1	10YR42 00	000000	00 F				0	0	HR	2							
J	25-42	с	10YR43 00	000000	00 F				0	0	HR	2			м				
	42-60	с	10YR53 54	000000	00 C	0	IOMNOO	00 Y	0	0	HR	2			Ρ	Y		Y	
17	0-30	mcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2							
	30-50	hc]	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2			м				
	50-65	с	10YR54 00	000000	00 F				0	0		0			Μ				
	65-80	с	10YR54 64	000000	00 C	0	OMN00	00 Y	0	0		0			Ρ	Y		Y	

page 1

brogram: ALCO11

				M	IOTTLES		PED			-S1	rones-		STRUCT/	SUB	S			
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLEY	>2	>6	LITH	TOT	CONSIST	STR	POR	IMP	SPL	CALC
18	0-28	hc]	10YR52 00	000000	00 M			Y	2	0	HR	2						
	28-55	с	10YR54 64	000000	00 C			Ŷ	0	0		0		м				
-	55-70	с	10YR 54 64	000000	00 M			Y	0	0		0		Ρ	Y		Y	
19	0-28	mzcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2						
	28-58	hc1	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	1		м				
	58-80	с	25Y 62 00	000000	00 M			Y	0	0		0		Ρ	Y		Y	
20	0-30	hcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2						
	30-42	с	10YR54 00	000000	00 F				0	0		0		м				
	42-60	c	10YR53 00	000000	00 C			Y	0	0		0		Ρ	Y		Y	
21	0~30	hcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2						
	30-40	c	10YR54 00						0	0	HR	5		Μ				
22	0-30	hc]	10YR32 00						1	0	HR	3						
	30-65	с	25Y 44 00						0	0	HR	2		м				
1	65-75	с	25Y 52 00						0	0	СН	20		М				
	75-85	ch	00XX00 00						0	0		0		Ρ				
23	0-28	с	10YR42 00						2	0	HR	4						
	28-40	с	10YR54 00						Ð	0	HR	2		м				
	40-45	с	10YR54 00						0	0	СН	20		м				
	45-55	ch	00ZZ00 00						0	0		0		Ρ				
25	0-30	с	10YR42 00						2	0	HR	4						
	30-50	с	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2		М				
	50-60	с	10YR54 00	000000	00 F				0	0	HR	1		М				
	60-80	с	10YR53 00	000000	00 M			Y	0	0		0		Ρ	Y		Y	
26	0-30	hc1	10YR42 00						4	0	HR	5						
	30-42	с	10YR43 00						0	0	HR	2		м				
	42-50	с	10YR54 00	000000	00 C			Y	0	0	HR	1		Ρ	Y			
	50-70	с	10YR54 00						0	0	СН	20		Μ				
29	0-30	mcl	10YR42 00						2	0	HR	2						
	30-50	с	75YR56 00						0	0	HR	1		м				
	50-60	с	75YR56 00	000000	00 M		4	5 X.	0	0	HR	1		Ρ	Υ			
5	60-80	с	10YR56 00				_	-	0	0	СН	20		Μ				
30	0-32	hc1	10YR42 00						2	0	HR	4						
	32-50	с	75YR46 00						0	0	HR	2		Μ				
	50-68	с	10YR53 00	000000	00 C	0	OMNOO (Y 00	0	0		0		Ρ	Y		Y	
	68-80	с	25Y 52 00					Y	0	0	СН	20		М			Y	
31	0-30	hcl	10YR42 00						2	0	HR	4						
	30-60	с	10YR56 00	000000	00 F				0	0	HR	1		м				
	60-75	с	25Y 54 00	000000	00 C		5	; <i>X</i>	0	0		0		Ρ	Y		Y	

page 2

.

program: ALCO11

.

					- M	10TTLES	S	PED			-S1	FONES		STRUCT/	SUBS	S			
S/	MPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLEY	>2	>6	LITH	тот	CONSIST	STR	POR	IMP	SPL	CALC
	32	0-30	mcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2						
		30-50	с	75YR46 00	000000	00 F	(Domnoo	00	0	0	HR	1		Μ				
		50-70	c	10YR54 53	000000	0 00 C	(DOMNOO	00 Y	0	0		0		Ρ	Y		Y	
		70-80	с	10YR56 00						0	0	СН	20		M			Y	
	33	0-28	hc1	10YR42 00						2	0	HR	4						
		28-55	с	10YR54 00	000000) 00 F				0	0	HR	2		м				
		55-70	с	25Y 56 QO						0	0	СН	20		м				