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Kingsmead Quarry Extension,
Horton, Berkshire
Statement of Site Physical Characteristics
ALC Map and Soil Resource Maps
December, 1993

#### STATEMENT OF SITE PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# KINGSMEAD QUARRY EXTENSION, HORTON, BERKSHIRE

#### Introduction

- 1.1 In November, 1993, a detailed Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) was made on 65.9 hectares of land east of the existing Kingsmead Quarry at Horton in Berkshire. The information obtained during this survey forms the basis of the following statement of physical characteristics.
- 1.2 The work was conducted by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Guildford Statutory Group of ADAS in response to a commission by MAFF's Land Use Planning Unit to provide information on the quality and physical characteristics of the agricultural land affected by the quarry extension.
- 1.3 The classification has been made using MAFF's revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land (MAFF, 1988). These guidelines provide a framework for classifying land according to the extent to which its physical or chemical characteristics impose long-term limitations on its use for agriculture.
- 1.4 The fieldwork was carried out with an observation density of approximately one per hectare. A total of 44 borings and four soil pits was examined.
- 1.5 The table below provides the details of the grades found across the site and shows that the majority of the agricultural land has been classified as Subgrade 3a with some Subgrade 3b. Soil wetness is the key limitation on the Subgrade 3a land where there is clear evidence of seasonal waterlogging which, in combination with the heavy topsoil textures, restricts the flexibility of the land. The areas of Subgrade 3b have been downgraded on the basis of a flooding limitation. At the time of survey, these lowlying parts of the site were either under standing water or showed evidence of recent flooding. No detailed long-term flooding information was avaiable for the site and these lowlying areas are considered as Subgrade 3b at best.
- 1.6 Part of the application area includes some of the adjacent active minerals workings which have been classified as Urban. Other derelict areas on the site of old Manor Farm are classified as Non-agricultural.

Table 1: Distribution of Grades and Subgrades

Grade	Area (ha)	% of Site	% of Agricultural Area
3a	40.5	61.4	80.2
3b	10.0	15.2	<u>19.8</u>
Non-Agric	5.4	8.2	100% (50.5ha)
Urban	<u>10.0</u>	<u>15.2</u>	
Total	65.9 ha	100%	

- 1.7 The ALC information is shown on the attached map at a scale of 1:5,000. It is accurate at this level but any enlargement may be misleading. This map supercedes any previous ALC information for this site.
- 1.8 A general description of the grades and subgrades is provided in Appendix I. The main classes are described in terms of the type of limitation that can occur, the typical cropping range and the expected level and consistency of yield.

#### Climate

- 2.1 The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions.
- 2.2 The main parameters used in the assessment of the overall climatic limitation are annual average rainfall, as a measure of overall wetness, and accumulated temperature, as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality.
- 2.3 A detailed assessment of the prevailing climate was made by interpolation from a 5 kilometre gridpoint dataset (Met. Office, 1989). The details are given in the table below and these show that there is no overall climatic limitation affecting the site.
- 2.4 No local climatic factors such as exposure or frost risk affect the site.

## Table 2: Climatic Interpolations

Grid Reference	TQ015750
Altitude (m)	16
Accumulated Temperature (days)	1497
Average Annual Rainfall (mm)	662
Field Capacity (days)	137
Moisture Deficit, Wheat (mm)	118
Moisture Deficit, Potatoes (mm)	114
Overall Climatic Grade	1

### Relief

3.1 The site is level and lowlying with some slight depressions near the river.

# Geology and Soils

- 4.1 The relevant geological sheet for the site (British Geological Survey, 1981) shows Alluvium adjacent to the Colne Brook with Floodplain Gravel on the slightly higher land to the west.
- 4.2 The published soils information for the site (Soil Survey of England and Wales, 1983) describes the soils as Waterstock series, mostly permeable loamy soils affected by groundwater. The more detailed ALC survey disagreed with this information, finding much heavier soils throughout.

# Agricultural Land Classification

5.1 The ALC information is provided on the attached ALC map and the location of the soil observation points is shown on the sample point map.

## Subgrade 3a

5.2 The majority of the agricultural land on the site has been placed in this grade with soil wetness as the single most limiting physical factor. The four soil pit descriptions in the appendices show the range of soils that exist on the site. The soils are typically Heavy Clay Loam topsoils which generally overlie upper and lower subsoils of Heavy Clay Loam or Clay texture. Profiles are normally gleyed within 40 cm and during the augering

of the site this degree of wetness was attributed to what were originally believed to be poorly structured subsoil horizons. However, detailed examination of subsoil structural conditions in the four soil pits confirmed the absence of any slowly permeable layers.

- 5.4 Given the observed wetness, the soils are generally placed in Wetness Class II. This, in combination with the heavy nature of the topsoils and the prevailing Field Capacity level (137 days) limits the land to Subgrade 3a. There will be a restriction on the number of days when the soil is in a suitable condition for cultivation, trafficking by machinery or grazing by livestock as well as a reduction in the range of crops that can tolerate the wet conditions.
- 5.5 Pit 4 is typical of those parts of the site which also experience a soil droughtiness limitation. Gravel deposits (ie. over 70% stone) were encountered at approximately 70 cm with very stony lower subsoils above which restrict the amount of water available in the top120 cm for extraction by crop roots.

# Subgrade 3b

- 5.6 The areas of poorer quality land have been delimited on the basis of flood risk. At the time of survey, the southern part of the site was under standing water and had clearly been in that condition for some time (the growing crop of oilseed rape had been killed in this area) whereas the northern area showed evidence of recent flooding. No detailed site specific flooding information was available at the time of survey and so this land is considered as at best Subgrade 3b.
- 5.7 The active minerals workings in the east of the site have been classified as Urban. The remains of Manor Farm and its associated roads have been classified as Non-agricultural.

# Soil Resources: Topsoil

6.1 'Topsoil' relates to the organic-rich surface horizons. One topsoil unit has been identified across the site which is typically a 30 cm thick Heavy Clay Loam. The topsoil is typically dark grey brown (10YR42 or 10YR32) with a negligible stone content and a weakly or moderately developed coarse subangular blocky structure. A total topsoil resource of 151,500 m<sup>3</sup> is available.

#### Soil Resources: Subsoil

7.1 'Subsoil' relates to the non-organic-rich subsurface horizons. Four subsoil units are recognised across the site although, in detail, the subsoils are quite variable. A total subsoil resource of 374,450 m<sup>3</sup> is available.

# 7.2 Subsoil Map Unit A

In the centre of the site a limited area of shallower soils exists. Pit 4 specifically relates to this area and shows a Clay subsoil that is approximately 35 cm thick, overlying Gravel deposits which occur at approximately 70 cm depth. The Clay is dark grey brown (10YR42) with a high stone content of approximately 60% hard rock at the base of the horizon. Above this stony layer, the structure of the Clay is described as moderately developed coarse subangular blocky. This horizon shows clear evidence of gleying but the structures are permeable.

# 7.3 Subsoil Map Unit B

In the north of the site, the subsoils are approximately 70 cm thick before becoming impenetrable to the auger and are generally a mixture of Clay and Heavy Clay Loam textures. Pits 2 and 3 are located in this area and show that at these points the soil resource does actually extend to depth. The figure of 70 cm thickness is therefore considered to be the minimum subsoil resource available in this map unit. The soils are grey brown (10YR52) or light grey brown (10YR62) with up to 25% hard rock present at depth. There is clear evidence of gleying but the structures are permeable, described as moderately developed coarse subangular blocky.

### 7.4 Subsoil Map Unit C

In the south of the site, the subsoils extend to depth (and are 90cm thick) and are generally a mixture of Clay and Heavy Clay Loam textures. Part of this area regularly floods and was under standing water at the time of survey. A range of subsoil colours exists from dark grey brown (10YR32) to light yellowish brown (2.5Y63). All the subsoils are clearly gleyed and some do contain poorly structured clays that are slowly permeable with very low porosity.

# 7.5 Subsoil Map Unit D

In the west of the site, a separate map unit has been identified where the lower subsoils are much lighter in texture. Pit 1 is located in this unit and is typical of these soils. A Clay upper subsoil that is approximately 55 cm thick rests on a Medium Sandy Loam lower subsoil of 35 cm thickness. The upper subsoils are brown (10YR53) with a negligible stone content and

clear evidence of gleying. The structures are permeable and are typically moderately developed coarse subangular blocky in nature. The lower subsoils are also brown but with up to 25% stone content. Given this stone content, the subsoil structural conditions are assessed as moderate and permeable though the gleying continues to depth.

ADAS Reference: 0204/220/93 MAFF Reference: EL 02/570 Resource Planning Team Guildford Statutory Group

### APPENDIX I

### DESCRIPTION OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

# Grade 1: Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

## Grade 2: Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield, cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

## Grade 3: Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, the timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown, yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

# Subgrade 3a: Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals, or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals, grass, oilseed rape, potatoes, sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops.

### Subgrade 3b: Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass, or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.

### Grade 4: Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (eg. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

### Grade 5: Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops.

#### Urban

Built-up or 'hard' uses with relatively little potential for a return to agriculture including: housing, industry, commerce, education, transport, religous buildings, cemetries. Also, hard-surfaced sports facilities, permanent caravan sites and vacant land; all types of derelict land, including mineral workings which are only likely to be reclaimed using derelict land grants.

## Non-agricultural

'Soft' uses where most of the land could be returned relatively easily to agriculture, including: private parkland, public oopen spaces, sports fields, allotments and soft-surfaced areas on airports. Also active mineral workings and refuse tips where restoration conditions to 'soft' after-uses may apply.

#### Woodland

Includes commercial and non-commercial woodland. A distinction may be made as necessary between farm and non-farm woodland.

# **Agricultural Buildings**

Includes the normal range of agricultural buildings as well as other relatively permanent structures such as glasshouses. Temporary structures (eg. polythene tunnels erected for lambing) may be ignored.

# Open Water

Includes lakes, ponds and rivers as map scale permits.

### Land not Surveyed

Agricultural land which has not been surveyed.

Where the land use includes more than one of the above, eg. buildings in large grounds, and where map scale permits, the cover types may be shown separately. Otherwise, the most extensive cover type will be shown.

# APPENDIX II

### REFERENCES

British Geological Survey, Sheet Number 269, Windsor, 1:50,000, 1981.

MAFF, Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales: Revised Guidelines and Criteria for Grading the Quality of Agricultural Land, 1988.

Meteorological Office, Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification, 1989.

Soil Survey of England and Wales, Sheet Number 6, Soils of South East England, 1:250,000, 1983.

Soil Survey of England and Wales, Soils and their Use in South East England, Bulletin Number 15, 1984.

# **APPENDIX III**

### **DEFINITION OF SOIL WETNESS CLASS**

#### Wetness Class I

The soil profile is not wet within 70 cm depth for more than 30 days in most years.

#### Wetness Class II

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 31-90 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days, but only wet within 40 cm depth for 31-90 days in most years.

#### Wetness Class III

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 91-180 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days, but only wet within 40 cm depth for between 31-90 days in most years.

#### Wetness Class IV

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for more than 180 days but not wet within 40 cm depth fro more than 210 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 40 cm depth for 91-210 days in most years.

### Wetness Class V

The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for 211-335 days in most years.

### Wetness Class VI

The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for more than 335 days in most years.

# **APPENDIX IV**

# SOIL PIT AND SOIL BORING DESCRIPTIONS

# Contents:

Sample Point Map

Soil Abbreviations - explanatory note

Database Printout - boring level information

Database Printout - horizon level information

### SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS: EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a database. This has commonly used notations and abbreviations as set out below.

# **Boring Header Information**

- 1. GRID REF: national grid square and 8 figure grid reference.
- 2. USE: Land use at the time of survey. The following abbreviations are used.

ARA: Arable WHT: Wheat BAR: Barley
CER: Cereals OAT: Oats MZE: Maize
OSR: Oilseed rape BEN: Field Beans BRA: Brassicae
POT: Potatoes SBT: Sugar Beet FCD: Fodder Crops

LIN: Linseed FRT: Soft and Top Fruit FLW: Fallow

PGR: Permanent Pasture LEY: Ley Grass
SCR: Scrub
CFW: Coniferous Woodland
DCW: Deciduous Wood

HTH: Heathland BOG: Bog or Marsh FLW: Fallow PLO: Ploughed SAS: Set aside OTH: Other

**HRT**: Horticultural Crops

- 3. **GRDNT**: Gradient as measured by a hand-held optical clinometer.
- 4. GLEY/SPL: Depth in cm to gleying or slowly permeable layers.
- 5. AP (WHEAT/POTS): Crop-adjusted available water capacity.
- 6. MB (WHEAT/POTS): Moisture Balance.
- 7. **DRT**: Best grade according to soil droughtiness.
- 8. If any of the following factors are considered significant, an entry of 'Y' will be entered in the relevant column.

MREL: Microrelief limitation FLOOD: Flood risk EROSN: Soil erosion risk EXP: Exposure limitation FROST: Frost DIST: Disturbed land

CHEM: Chemical limitation

9. LIMIT: The main limitation to land quality. The following abbreviations are used.

OC : Overall Climate
FR : Frost Risk
GR : Gradient
FL : Flood Risk
TX : Topsoil Texture
CH : Chemical

AE : Aspect
MR : Microrelief
TX : Topsoil Texture
WE : Wetness
WK : Workability

**DR**: Drought **ER**: Erosion Risk **WD**: Soil Wetness/Droughtiness

ST: Topsoil Stoniness

# Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1. TEXTURE: soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations.

S: Sand LS: Loamy Sand SL: Sandy Loam

SZL: Sandy Silt Loam CL: Clay Loam

ZCL: Silty Clay Loam SCL: Sandy Clay Loam

C: Clay SC: Sandy Clay ZC: Silty Clay OL: Organic Loam P: Peat SP: Sandy Peat LP: Loamy Peat PL: Peaty Loam PS: Peaty Sand

MZ: Marine Light Silts

For the sand, loamy sand, sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes, the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of prefixes.

F: Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0.2mm)

M: Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)

C: Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0.6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub-divided according to the clay content: M: Medium (<27% clay) H: Heavy (27-35% clay)

- 2. MOTTLE COL: Mottle colour
- 3. MOTTLE ABUN: Mottle abundance, expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described.

F: few <2% C: common 2-20% M: many 20-40 VM: very many 40%

4. MOTTLE CONT : Mottle contrast

F: faint - indistinct mottles, evident only on close inspection

D: distinct - mottles are readily seen

 ${\bf P}$ : prominent - mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon

5. PED. COL: Ped face colour

6. STONE LITH: One of the following is used.

HR: all hard rocks and stones SLST: soft oolitic or dolimitic limestone

CH: chalk FSST: soft, fine grained sandstone

**ZR**: soft, argillaceous, or silty rocks **GH**: gravel with non-porous (hard) stones **MSST**: soft, medium grained sandstone **GH**: gravel with non-porous (hard) stones

SI: soft weathered igneous/metamorphic rock

Stone contents (>2cm, >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume).

7. STRUCT: the degree of development, size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation:

<u>degree of development</u> WK: weakly developed MD: moderately developed

ST: strongly developed

ped size F: fine M: medium C: coarse VC: very coarse

ped shape S: single grain M: massive GR: granular AB: angular blocky

SAB: sub-angular blocky PR: prismatic PL: platy

8. **CONSIST**: Soil consistence is described using the following notation:

L: loose VF: very friable FR: friable FM: firm VM: very firm EM:

extremely firm

EH: extremely hard

9. SUBS STR: Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness: G: good M: moderate P: poor

10. POR: Soil porosity. If a soil horizon has less than 0.5% biopores >0.5 mm, a 'Y' will appear in this column.

11. IMP: If the profile is impenetrable a 'Y' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon.

12. SPL: Slowly permeable layer. If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a 'Y' will appear in this column.

13. CALC: If the soil horizon is calcareous, a 'Y' will appear in this column.

14. Other notations

APW: available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat APP: available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes

MBW: moisture balance, wheat MBP: moisture balance, potatoes

		ACDECT					V=00						50	-	550		0.151		,
MAMP!		ASPECT		CI EV			NESS						REL	EROSN	FROS		CHEM	ALC	COMMENTS
NO.	GRID REF	USE	GKDNI	GLEY	SPL	CLASS	GRADE	AP	MB	AP	MB	DRT	FLOOD	L.	ΧP	DIST	LIMIT		COMMENTS
1P	TQ01207480			050		1	2	151	33	117	3	2					WE	2	WEDR
2	TQ01807560	ARA		000 0	)30	4	3B	126	8	103	-11	3A					WE	38	SPL
2P	TQ01657515	PL0		032		2	3A	152	34	117	3	2					WE	ЗА	
3	TQ01907515	ARA		025		2	3A	149	31	113	-1	2					WE	ЗА	NO SPL
<b>3</b> P	TQ01857537	ARA		035		2	ЗА	139	21	118	4	2					WE	ЗА	·
4	TQ01707550	ARA		042		1	1	148	30	116	2	2					DR	2	NO SPL
_	TQ01407480	•		034		2	3A	104	-14	111	-3	3A -					WE	ЗА	PIT 110
5	TQ01807550	ARA		030		2	2	101	-17	113	-1	ЗА					DR	<b>3</b> A	IMPNOSPL
6	TQ01907550			025		2	3A	83	-35	94	-20	3B					DR	ЗА	IMPNOSPL
9	TQ01807540	ARA		032 0	32	4	3B	101	-17	106	-8	3A					₩Ĕ	3B	SPL
10	TQ01907540			025 0	25	4	3B	125		102	-12	ЗА					WE	,	SPL
12	TQ01707530			028		2	ЗА	151		113	-1	2					WE	3A	NO SPL
13	TQ01807530			000		2	3A	101	-17		3	3A					WE	3A	IMPNOSPL
14	TQ01907530			030 0	)55	3	3B	126		112	-2	2					WE	38	SPL
16	TQ01607520	PLO		050		1	2	119	1	111	-3	3A					WE	2	
17	TQ01707520			038		2	3A	117		115	1	<b>3</b> A					WE	<b>3</b> A	
18	TQ01807520			032		2	3A	135		117	3	2		i			WE	3A	IMPNOSPL
23	TQ01507510			055 0		2	3A	114		113	-1	3A					WE	3A	DR
24	TQ01607510			045 0		3	3B	107	-11		-6	3A					WE	3A	
25	TQ01707510	PLO		045 0	145	3	3B	124	ь	113	-1	2					WE	3B	
30	TQ01507500	PLO		045 0	)45	3	3B	113	-5	114	0	3A					WE	3B	
31	TQ01607500	ARA		032		2	3A	76	-42	76	-38	3B					WE	3A '	IMPX3
32	TQ01707500	PL0		030 0	)30	4	38	146	28	111	-3	2					WE	3B	QSPL
36	TQ01407490	PL0		035		2	3A	91	-27	97	-17	3B		•			DR	3B	IMP60Q3A
37	TQ01507490	PLO		035 0	)35	2	3A	95	-23	101	-13	38					WE	3B	
38	TQ01607490	PL0		000		1	2	154	36	117	3	2					DR	2	AUGD 100
39	TQ01707490	PLO		059		1	2	111	-7	120	6	3A					DR	<b>3</b> A	178-Q.DR
40	TQ01107480	PLO		039 0	39	3	3A	147	29	108	-6	2					WE	ЗА	
41	TQ01207480	PL0		046 0	)46	3	3A	150	32	109	-5	2					WE	ЗА	
42	TQ01507480	PL0		035 0	)35	4	38	159	41	112	-2	2					₩E	38	
43	TQ01407480			036 (	36	4	3B	95	-23	103	-11	3B					WE	3B	IMP65
44	TQ01507480			045 (	)45	3	38	96	-22		-8	3B					WE	38	
45	TQ01607480			030 0	040	3	ЗА	96	-22		-5						WE		170-Q DR
46	TQ01107470	PLO		032		2	2	158	40	115	1	2					WE	2	WEDR
47	TQ01207470	PLO		034		2	3A	154	36	113	-1	2					WE	ЗА	
48	TQ01307470			034 (	)34	4	3B	112		106	-8	3A					WE	3B	IMP90
49	TQ01407470			029		2	AE	119		112	-2	3A					WE	<b>3A</b>	IMP92
50	TQ01507470			060		1	2	147		117	3	2					WE	2	WEDR
51	TQ01607470		,	000		1	1	114		117	3	3A					DR	3A	180-Q DR
54	TQ01307460	PLO		035 (	)55	3	3B	147	29	111	-3	2					WE	3B	
55	TQ01407460	PLO		045 (	045	3	3B	141	23	110	-4	2					WE	3B	
	TQ01507460			032	-	2	3A	112		114		3A					WE		IMP 80
_																			

program: ALC012

# LIST OF BORINGS HEADERS 15/11/93 KINGSMEAD QUARRY, HORTON

page 2

AMPI	LE	ASPECT				WETI	NESS	-WH	EAT-	-PC	TS-	M.	REL	EROSN	FROST	CHEM	ALC	
NO.	GRID REF	USE	GRDNT	GLEY	SPL	CLASS	GRADE	AP	MB	AP	MB	DRT	FLOOD	EX	P DIST	LIMIT		COMMENTS
57	TQ01607460	DI O		060		,	2	149	21	118	4	2				DR	2	Q MCL TS
1	TQ01007450			035	035	4	2 3B	141		104	•	~				WE	2 3B	Q PICE 13
59	TQ01307450	PLO		030	030	4	3B	135	17	109	-5	2				WE	38	FLOODED
60	TQ01407450	PLO		000		1	2	96	-22	103	-11	3B		ı		DR	38	162-Q DR
61	TQ01507450	PL0		030	030	4	38	107	-11	105	-9	<b>3A</b>				WE	38	PLSTC 60
62	TQ01307440	OSR		035	035	4	38	143	25	105	-9	2		1		WE	3B	PLST 70

				MOTTLES		PED			-STO	NES	STRUCT	SUR	s			
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL ABUN							•			IMP SE	L C	ALC
1P	0-29	hc1	10YR32 00					0	0 H	Ř 1	WKCSAB	FR				
	29-50	hc1	10YR42 00					0	0 H	R 1	MDCSAB	FM M	Υ			
•	50-70	С	10YR53 00	10YR56 00 C			Y	0	0	0	MDCSAB	FM M	Y			
	70-85	mcl	10YR53 00	10YR56 00 M			γ	0	0 H	R 1	MDCSAB	FR M	Υ			
	85-110	ms 1	10YR53 00	75YR56 00 C			Y	0	0 H	R 1	MDCSAB	FR M				
	110-120	msl	10YR53 00	10YR56 00 M			Y	0	0 H	R 25		M				
					-											
2	0-30	, <b>c</b>	10YR42 00	000C00 00 C			Υ	0	0 H	R 1						
	30-70 ~	С	10YR41 00	000C00 00 C			Y	0	,O	0		Ρ	Υ	١	1	
•	70-120	zc	10YR52 00	000000 00 M			Y	0	0	0		P	Y	١	1	
											1					
2P		hc1	10YR32 00						0 H		MCSAB		Y			
-	32-65	c		10YR58 00 C			Y		0		MCSAB		Y			
	65-120	scl	10YR62 00	75YR58 00 M			Y	0	0	0	MCSAB +	FR M	Y			
•	0.05		10//200 00					_								
_ 3	0-25		10YR32 00	000000 00 H			v		0 H		•					
	25-60	С		000000 00 M			Y		0	0		M				
	60-72	C 5-1		O 0000000 C			Y	_	0	0		P	Y			
	72-120	hcl	251 63 00	000C00 00 M			Ť	U	U	0		М				
3P	0-35	hc1	10YR32 00					n	0 н	R 1	WCSAB	FR				
J.	35-42	hc]		10YR56 00 C			Υ		0			FR M	Υ			
		C		10YR58 00 M			Y		0			FR M	Y			
		c		10YR58 00 M			Ý		0 H		110010	М.	,			
	100-120	·	1011101 00	1011100 00 11			•	Ĭ	•	23		•••				
4	0-32	hc1	10YR42 00					0	0 н	R 4						
_	32-42	С	10YR52 00						0 н			М				
	42-80	c		000000 00 M			Υ	0	0	0		М				
	80-120	hc1		000000 00 M			Y	0	0	0		М				
4P	0-34	hc1	10YR42 00					0	0 H	R 1	WDCSAB	FR				
	34-62	С	25Y 42 00	10YR56 00 M			Υ	0	0	0	MDCSAB	FM M	Υ			
	62-70	С	10YR42 00				Y	0	0 H	R 59		М				
	70-120	gh	25Y 42 00				Y	0	0	0		M				
5	0-30	mcl	10YR42 00					1	0 H							
	30-55	С		000C00 00 M			Y	0	0	0		М				•
	55-70	mcl	10YR51 00	000C00 00 M			Y	0	0 H	R 10		M				
-		_						_								
_ 6	0-25	mc1	10YR42 00						0 H							
	25-65	С	10YR41 00	000C00 00 M			Υ	Ū	0 н	R 15	_	М				
•	0.30	h=1	100040 00					٨	ОН	D 1	·					
9	0-32 32-52	hcl	10YR42 00	000000 00 C			Υ		0 H	R 1		Р	Υ	,	,	
	32-32 52-80	c c		000000 00 C			Y		0 0 H			P	Y	1	! !	
	J2-0U	C	TOTASE OU	000000 00 FI			1	J	V n	as I		F	T	•	F	
10	0-25	hc1	10YR42 00					1	0 н	R 3						
i	25~60	C		000C00 00 M			Y	0	0	0		P	γ	•	,	
	60-120	-		000C00 00 M			Ÿ	0	0	0		P	Y		,	
	· <b></b>	-					,	•	•	•		•	•			

					OTTLES		PED			S	TONES-	<b>-</b>	STRUCT/	SUBS				
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL.	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLEY	>2	>6	LITH	TOT	CONSIST	STR I	<b>20</b> R	IMP	SPL	CALC
12	0-28	С	10YR42 00						1	0	HR	3						
-	28-45	c	10YR52 00	000000	00 C			Υ	0	0		0		М				
1	45-120	hc1	10YR62 00	000000	M 00 K			Y	0	0		0		M				
13	0-28	hc1	10YR42 00	000000	00 C			Y	0	0	HR	2						
	28-45	С	10YR52 00	000000	00 C			Υ	0	0		0		М				
	45-70	С	10YR53 00	000000	M 00			Y	0	0		0		M				
14	0-30	, hcl	10YR42 00						1	0	HR	3						
	30-55	С	10YR52 00	000000	00 C			Y	0	0		0		M				
	55-80	С	10YR62 00	000000	M 00			Y	0	0		0		Ρ	Υ		Υ	
	80-100	hc1	10YR62 00	000000	M 00			Y	0	0		0		M			Y	
16	0-30	hc1	10YR32 00						0	0	HR	2		М				
•	30-50	c	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	1		M				
	50-68	c	25Y 52 00	75YR46	00 C			Y	0	0	HR	1		М				
	68-100	С	25Y 52 00	75YR46	00 M			Y	0	0		0	1	M				
17	0-25	hc1	25Y 42 00						1	n	HR	2	•					
_	25-38	c	25Y 42 00								HR	1		М				
	38-70	c	25Y 53 00	75YR48	00 M			Υ			HR	1		M				
}	70-88	mcl	10YR53 00					Ý			HR	1		М				
		fscl	10YR53 00					Y			HR	1		M				
18	0-32	hc1	10YR42 00						n	Λ	HR	2						
	32-50	c	10YR53 00	nnacan	00 M			Y		0		0		М				
	50-100	hc1	25Y 63 00					Ÿ	-	0		0		M				
	0.05		10/040 00						•	•								
23	0-35	hcl	10YR42 00								HR	1		м				
1	35-55 55-70	c	10YR42 00 10YR52 00	757050	71 6			Υ			HR HR	1		M P			Υ	
,	70-90	c	.10YR53 00					Y			HR	1		P			Ϋ́	
24	0-25	hc1	10YR43 00						0	۰	HR	1				v		
24	25-45	c	101R43 00						0		HR	1		М				
J	45-78	c	10YR52 00	757050	171 C			Υ	0		HR	i		Р			Υ	
•	78-85	c	10YR52 00					Ÿ	0		HR	5		M			Y	
25	0-30	hc1	10YR42 00						0	٨	HR	1						
23	30-45	c	10YR42 00	10VR58	00 F				Ö		HR	1		м				
	45-60	c	10YR42 00					Υ	ō	0	,,,,	0		P			Y	
	60-75	c	10YR53 00					Ý	0	0		0		M			Y	
•	75-95	c	10YR52 00					Ÿ	0		HR	1		М			Υ	
1	95-100	scl	10YR62 00					Y	0		HR	1		M			Y	
30	0-35	hc1	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	1						
_	35-45	c	10YR42 00						0		HR	1		M				
	45-60	С	10YR52 00	75YR58	71 M			Y	0	0		0		Р			Y	
J	60-70	hc1	25Y 63 00	10YR68	00 M			Y	0	0		0		M			Y	
	70-80	mc1	25Y 63 00	10YR68	00 M			Y	0	0	HR	1		M			Υ	
1	80-82	С	10YR52 00	10YR58	9 00 M			Y	0	0	HR	5		M			Y	

					MOTTLES	S	PFD			-STO	NFS	STRUCT/	SURS	:		
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR		ABUN							CONSIST			IMP SPL	CALC
									_							
31	0-32	hc1	10YR32 00						0	0 H	R 3					
	32-45	С	10YR52 00	000C0	0 00 C			Y	0	0 н	R 5		М			
									_	_	_					
32	0-30	hc1	10YR42 00	TEVDE	0 00 4				. 0		0		_			
•	30-55 55-70	c c	10YR52 00 10YR52 00					Y	_	0	0		P	Y	Y	
-	70-120		10YR52 00					Y		0	0		M M		Y	
	70-120	301	TOTRUE UC	10110	0 00 11			1	Ū	Ū	Ū		61		,	
36	0-35	hc1	10YR42 00						0	0 н	R 3					
_	35-48	С	25Y 42 00	75YR5	6 00 C			Υ	0	0 H	R 2		М			
	48-60	c	25Y 53 00	75YR5	6 00 M			Y	0	0 H	R 5		Р			
37	0-35	hc1	10YR42 00							0 H						
	35-45 45-60	C 5-1	25Y 42 00 25Y 63 00					Y		0			M	Y		
	45-60	hc1	251 63 00	IUTKO	0 UU M			Y	U	0 н	R 5		М			
38	0-30	hc1	10YR32 00						0	0 н	R 1					
	30-40	c	10YR43 00						0		. 0		М			
	40-58	С	10YR46 00	10YR5	B 00 F				0	0	0		М			
_	58-120	mcl	10YR56 00	10YR5	3 00 F				0	0	0		М			
39	0-35	hc1	10YR42 00	10YR50	6 00 F					0 H						
_	35-59	mzc]	10YR31 00							0 H			М			
	59-70	C b-1	10YR42 52					Y		0	0		M			
•	70-78	hc1	10YR42 00	IUTKS	5 UU C			Y	U	0 H	R 25	'	М			
_ 40	0-35	mcl	10YR42 00						0	0 н	R 2					
	35-39	c	25Y 42 00							0	0	,	М			
•	39-75	c	25Y 53 00	75YR50	6 00 M			Y	0	0 H	R 1		Р		Y	
	75-85	hcl	25Y 63 00	75YR56	5 00 C			Y	0	0 H	R 3		M		Y	
	85-120	ms l	25Y 63 00	75YR56	6 00 M			Y	0	0 H	R 2		M		Υ	
Į																
41	0-35	mcl	10YR42 00							0 H						
	35-46	C _	25Y 53 00	10VDE	6 nn n			v	_	0 H			M		v	
	46-70 70-85	c mc1	25Y 53 00 25Y 64 00					Y Y	0	0 H			P M		Y	
	85-120		25Y 63 00					Ÿ	0				M		Ý	
			•••						•		.,				·	
42	0-35	hc1	10YR42 00						0	0 H	R 3					
	35-50	С	25Y 53 00	10YR5	6 00 M			Y	0	0 H	R 2		Р		Y	
	50-75	hc1	25Y 53 62			C	OOMNOO	00 Y	0	0 H	R 1		М		Y	
<b>J</b>	75–105		25Y 53 62					Y	0	0	0		М		Y	
	105–120	fsl	25Y 63 00	10YR5	6 00 C			Y	0	0 H	R 5		G		Y	
43	0-36	ho1	10YR42 00						0	0 н	R 2					
43	36-56	hc1 c	25Y 42 00	10YR54	6 00 C			Υ	0	0 11	K 2		Р		Y	
	56-65	hcl	25Y 63 00					Ÿ	-	0 н	-		М		Y	
)			J		<del>-</del> • ·			•	-	- ''			. •		•	

				1	4OTTLES		PED			-ST	ONES		STRUCT/	SUBS	;			
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR													ĮΜΡ	SPL	CALC
ì																		
44	0-30	hc1	10YR42 00							0	HR	2						
	30-45	hc1	10YR42 00 25Y 42 00	10,405						0		0		M				
1	45-68	С	25Y 42 UU	IUYKS	5 00 C			Y	U	0	нк	2		Ρ			Y	
45	0-30	mcl	10YR32 00						٥	0	HR	1	•					
		hcl	10YR32 00	10YR5	B 00 C			γ		0		5		М				
1	35-40	c	10YR32 53					Y		0		5		M				
	40-60	ç	10YR53 00					Y	0			0		P	Υ		Υ	
-	60-70 ~	c	10YR53 00	10YR5	B 00 M			Y	0	0	HR	10		M				
1																		
46	0-32	mcl	10YR42 00							0		2						
•	32-55	mcl	25Y 64 63					Y		0	HR	1		М				
	55-110		25Y 63 00					Y		0		0		М				
	110-120	lms	25Y 63 00	75YR5	B 00 M			Y	0	0		0		G				
47	0-34	hc1	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2						·
•	34-50	c	25Y 42 00	75YR5	5 00 C			Y		0		0		Р				
	50-75		25Y 63 64 25Y 63 00	75YR5	6 00 M			Y		0	HR	1		M				
	75-120		25Y 63 00	75YR5	8 00 M			Y		0		2		М				
•																		
48	0-28	hc1	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2						
•	28-34	c	25Y 42, 00						0	0		0		M				
_		С	25Y 42 00					Y		0		0		Р			Y	
	75-90	hcl	25Y 63 00	75YR5	5 00 M	C	DOMINOO (	)O Y	0	0	HR	3		M			Y	
49	0-29	hc1	10YR42 00						٥	0	HR	2						
_	29-40	c	25Y 42 00	75YR50	5 00 C			Υ		0		0		Р				
	40-70	hcl	25Y 42 00					Y		0	HR	3		M				
J	70-92	hc1	25Y 42 00					Y		0		15		M				
50	0-30	hc1	10YR32 00						0	0	HR	2						
j	30-48	hc1	10YR42 00						0	0		0		M				
	48-60	С	10YR43 00						0	0		0		М				
1	60-80	С	25Y 42 00					Y		0		0		М				
<b>.</b>	80-120	hc1	10YR53 00	10YR5	6 00 M			Y	0	0	HR	5	•	M				
_ 51	0-30	mc1	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2						
	30-57	hc1	10YR44 00						0		HR	1		М				
		mcl	25Y 54 00	10YR5	8 00 C				ō	0		Ò		M				
	78-80	mcl	25Y 54 00						0		HR	25		M				
î .																		
54	0-28	hcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	2						
	28-35	С	25Y 42 00						0	0		0		М				
	35-40	С	25Y 42 00					Y	0	0		0		P				
	40-55	С	25Y 63 00					Y	0	0		0		М				
-	55-70	c	25Y 63 00					Υ	0	0		0		Р			Υ	
	70-120	mcl	25Y 63 00	75YR5	6 00 M	C	OOMNOO (	00 Y	0	0	HR	2		M			Y	

•					MOTTLES	S	PED			-S1	ONES-		STRUCT/	SUBS	S			
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLEY	>2	>6	LITH	TÖT	CONSIST	STR	POR	IMP	SPL	CALC
55	0-29	hc1	10YR42 00						0	0.	HR	3						
•	29-45	С	25Y 42 00	10YR5	6 00 F				0.	0		0		М				
	45-68	С	25Y 42 00	75YR5	6 00 M			Υ	0	0		0		Р			Υ	
	68-88	mzcl	10YR42 00					Y	0	0		٥	•	М			Υ	
	88-120	zc	25Y 31 00	75YR5	6 00 C			Y	0	0		0		M			Y	
56	0-28	hc1	10YR32 00						0	0	HR	2						
j	28-32	С	10YR42 00						0	0		0		М				
	32-40	c	25Y 64 00	10YR5	6 00 C			Y	0	0		0		P				
1	40-70	hc1	10YR56 00					Υ	0	0		0		M				
	70-80	mcl	10YR56 00	75YR5	6 00 C			Y	0	0	HR	5		M				
57	0~34	hc1	10YR32 00						0	0	HR	1						
	34-60	С	10YR43 00						0	0		0		М	,			
,	60-85	С	10YR52 00	75YR4	6 58 M			Υ	0	0	HR	2		М				
	85-120	mc1	10YR53 00	10YR5	6 58 M			Y	0	0		0		M				
58	0-35	<b>C</b> .	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	1						
•	35-45	c	25Y 42 00	75YR5	6 00 C			Y	0	0		0		Р			Y	
	45-75	c	25Y 62 63	75YR5	6 00 M			Y	0	0		0		. Р			Y	
	75–120	hcl	25Y 62 00	75YR5	6 00 C			Y	0	0		0		М			Y	
59	0-30	hc1	10YR32 00						0	0		0						
ł	30-59	С	10YR32 00	10YR5	6 00 C			Y	0	0		0		Ρ	Y		Y	
J	59-120	С	10YR53 00	10YR5	6 00 C			Y	0	0		0		М			Y	
60	0-39	hcl	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	3						
	39-58	hc1	10YR44 00						0	0	HR	3		M				
	58-62	hcl	10YR44 <sub>,</sub> 00						0	0	HR	25		M				
61	0-30	hcl	10YR32 00						0	0	HR	1						
J	30-60	С	05Y 31 41	10YR5	8 00 M			Y	0	0	HR	2		Ρ	Y		Y	
_	60-90	С	05Y 31 00	10YR5	8 00 C			Y	0	0		0		P	Y		Y	
62	0-35	С	10YR32 00						0	0		0						
•	35-70	c	25Y 42 00	10YR5	8 00 M			Y	0	0		0		Р	Y		Υ	
ì	70–120	hc1	25Y 62 63	10YR5	6 00 M			Y	0	0		0		M				

Site Name : KINGSMEAD QUARRY, HORTON Pit Number : 1P

Grid Reference: TQ Average Annual Rainfall: 662 mm

Accumulated Temperature: 1497 degree days

Field Capacity Level : 137 days

Land Use

Slope and Aspect : degrees

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE
0- 29	HCL	10YR32 00	0	1		WKCSAB
29- 50	, HCL	10YR42 00	0	1		MDCSAB
50- 70 ~	С	10YR53 00	0	0	С	MDCSAB
70- 85	MCL	10YR53 00	0	1	М	MDCSA8
85-110	MSL	10YR53 00	0	1	С	MDCSAB
110-120	MSL	10YR53 00	0	25	М	

Wetness Grade : 2 Wetness Class : I

Gleying :050 cm SPL : No SPL

FINAL ALC GRADE : 2
MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

Site Name : KINGSMEAD QUARRY, HORTON Pit Number : 2P

Grid Reference: TQ 20 Average Annual Rainfall: 662 mm

Accumulated Temperature: 1497 degree days

Field Capacity Level : 137 days
Land Use : Bare Soil
Slope and Aspect : degrees

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE
0- 32	HCL	10YR32 00	0	2		MCSAB
32- 65	, C	10YR52 00	0	0	С	MCSAB
65-120	SCL	10YR62 00	0	0	M	MCSAB

Wetness Grade : 3A Wetness Class : II

Gleying :032 cm SPL : No SPL

Drought Grade: 2 APW: 152mm MBW: 34 mm

APP: 117mm MBP: 3 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3A
MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

Site Name : KINGSMEAD QUARRY, HORTON Pit Number: 3P

Grid Reference: TQ 40 Average Annual Rainfall: 662 mm

Accumulated Temperature: 1497 degree days

Field Capacity Level : 137 days
Land Use : Arable

Slope and Aspect : degrees

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE
0- 35	HCL	10YR32 00	0	1		WCSAB
35- 42	, HCL	10YR42 00	0	0	С	MCSAB
42-100	С	10YR52 00	0	0	М	MCSAB
100-120	С	10YR61 00	0	25	М	

Wetness Grade : 3A Wetness Class : II

Gleying :035 cm SPL : No SPL

Drought Grade : 2 APW : 139mm MBW : 21 mm

APP: 118mm MBP: 4 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3A
MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

Site Name : KINGSMEAD QUARRY, HORTON Pit Number : 4P

Grid Reference: TQ01407480 Average Annual Rainfall: 662 mm

Accumulated Temperature: 1497 degree days

Field Capacity Level : 137 days
Land Use : Bare Soil

Slope and Aspect : degrees

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE
0- 34	HCL	10YR42 00	0	1		WDCSAB
34- 62	С	25Y 42 00	0	0	M	MDCSAB
62- 70 ~	C	10YR42 00	0	59		
70-120	GH	25Y 42 00	0	0		

Wetness Grade: 3A Wetness Class: II

Gleying :034 cm SPL : No SPL

Drought Grade: 3A APW: 104mm MBW: -14 mm

APP: 111mm MBP: -3 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3A
MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness