A1
Milton Keynes Local Plan Land between Bow Brickhill and Woburn Sands

Agricultural Land Classification Semi-Detailed Survey
ALC Map and Report
July 1997

# AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT <br> MILTON KEYNES LOCAL PLAN, LAND BETWEEN BOW BRICKHILL AND WOBURN SANDS 

SEMI-DETAILED SURVEY

## INTRODUCTION

1. This report presents the findings of a semi-detailed Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey of 166.3 hectares of land south of the railway line between Bow Brickhill and Woburn Sands south east of Milton Keynes in Buckinghamshire. The survey was carried out in July 1997.
2. The survey was undertaken by the Farming and Rural Conservation Agency (FRCA) on behalf of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (MAFF), in connection with its statutory input to the Milton Keynes Local Plan. The results of this survey supersede any previous ALC information for this land. A survey was carried out on adjacent land to the north, also in 1997 (FRCA Ref: 0304/091/97).
3. The work was conducted by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Eastern Region of the FRCA. The land has been graded in accordance with the published MAFF ALC guidelines and criteria (MAFF, 1988). A description of the ALC grades and subgrades is given in Appendix I.
4. At the time of survey, some of the site was in permanent grass either for hay production or was being grazed by horses or sheep. The remaining agricultural areas were in wheat. Areas of the site mapped as 'Other Land' comprise tracks, buildings associated with stables, dwellings with private gardens, glasshouses, a covered reservoir and pumping station, open lakes from previous clay extraction, some woodland and impenetrable scrub, and a public recreation field.

## SUMMARY

5. The findings of the survey are shown on the enclosed ALC map. The map has been drawn at a scale of $1: 15,000$. It is accurate at this scale, but any enlargement would be misleading.
6. The area and proportions of the ALC grades and subgrades on the surveyed land are summarised in Table 1.
7. The fieldwork was conducted at an average density of approximately 1 boring every 2 hectares of agricultural land. A total of 82 borings and 5 soil pits were described.

Table 1: Area of grades and other land

| Grade/Other land | Area (hectares) | \% surveyed area | \% site area |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 40.1 | 28.0 | 24.1 |
| 3a | 80.2 | 56.0 | 48.2 |
| 3b | 22.8 | 16.0 | 13.7 |
| Other land | 23.2 | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 14.0 |
| Total surveyed area | 143.1 | 100 | 86.0 |
| Total site area | 166.3 | - | 100 |

8. The agricultural land on this site has been assigned to a range of grades from Grade 2, very good quality, to Subgrade 3b, moderate quality, with the majority being Subgrade 3a (good quality). The soils are derived from an underlying geology which includes solid deposits of Oxford Clay and drift deposits of head overlying Oxford Clay.
9. The land on the site has been classified principally on the basis of soil wetness / workability restrictions. Land assigned to Grade 2 has only minor limitations. Soils are derived from head drift deposits overlying Oxford Clay and as such they are imperfectly drained due to the presence of clayey subsoil horizons. These soils may also be slightly droughty due to the interaction between the prevailing climate, which is relatively dry, and soil properties.
10. The remaining agricultural land has been classified as Subgrades 3a and 3b on the basis of soil wetness / workability. Clayey subsoil horizons, which impede soil drainage, occur at moderate and shallow depth in the profile. The relative depth determines the severity of the soil wetness problem. The interaction between soil drainage status and the nature of the topsoil (ie texture and calcareousness) determines the ALC grade. Most of the land is classified as Subgrade 3a on this basis. However, where a heavier, non-calcareous, topsoil occurs, there is a further restriction on land quality as the soils remain wet for a longer period each year to the extent that Subgrade 3b is appropriate. Soil wetness has the effect of reducing the versatility of the land in terms of access by machinery (eg for cultivations or harvesting) and for grazing if damage to the soil is to be avoided. It also has the effect of reducing the level and consistency of yields.

## FACTORS INFLUENCING ALC GRADE

## Climate

11. Climate affects the grading of land through the assessment of an overall climatic limitation and also through interactions with soil characteristics.
12. The key climatic variables used for grading this site are given in Table 2 and were obtained from the published 5 km grid datasets using the standard interpolation procedures (Met. Office, 1989).

Table 2: Climatic and altitude data

| Factor | Units | Values |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grid reference | N/A | SP 902 351 | SP 914 355 | SP 911 353 |
| Altitude | m, AOD | 80 | 85 | 90 |
| Accumulated Temperature | day ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Jan-June) | 1401 | 1394 | 1389 |
| Average Annual Rainfall | mm | 629 | 626 | 628 |
| Field Capacity Days | days | 132 | 130 | 131 |
| Moisture Deficit, Wheat | mm | 108 | 107 | 107 |
| Moisture Deficit, Potatoes | mm | 100 | 99 | 98 |
| Overall climatic grade | N/A | Grade 1 | Grade 1 | Grade l |

13. The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions.
14. The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall (AAR), as a measure of overall wetness, and accumulated temperature (AT0, January to June), as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality.
15. The combination of rainfall and temperature at this site mean that there is no overall climatic limitation. Other local climatic factors such as exposure and frost risk are also believed not to affect the site. The site is climatically Grade 1.

## Site

16. The site lies at an altitude between approximately 80 and 95 m AOD at the base of the Greensand ridge around Woburn. The highest land is located towards the south east of the site, the lowest along the north west boundary, sloping overall from south east to north west. The slope gradients within the site are slight and are not sufficient to adversely affect land quality. Other site factors such as microrelief and flooding are also not significant.

## Geology and soils

17. The published geological information for the site (BGS, 1971) shows the site to be underlain by head drift deposits overlying Oxford Clay and Oxford Clay where the drift is thin or absent.
18. The most detailed published soils information for the site (SSEW, 1983 and 1984) shows it to comprise soils of the Oxpasture association. These are described as, 'Fine loamy over clayey and clayey soils with slowly permeable subsoils and slight seasonal waterlogging. Some slowly permeable seasonally waterlogged clayey soils.' (SSEW, 1983). Soils of this broad description were found throughout the site.

## AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION

19. The details of the classification of the site are shown on the attached ALC map and the area statistics of each grade are given in Table 1.
20. The location of the auger borings and pits is shown on the attached sample location map and the details of the soils data are presented in Appendix II.

## Grade 2

21. Land of very good quality has been mapped towards the west of the site in a single map unit. Soil wetness and soil droughtiness are commonly equally limiting in these areas. The soils in this area are characterised by the soil pits, 3P and 4P (see Appendix II).
22. The soils in this area are of a single overall type. They comprise a very slightly stony to slightly stony medium sandy silt loam, medium sandy loam, sandy clay loam, or occasionally medium clay loam topsoil. This commonly passes to slightly stony upper subsoil horizons in the same textural range, which commonly show some evidence of seasonal waterlogging. This horizon was occasionally impenetrable to the soil auger, at the time of survey, due to the combination of dry soil conditions and the high iron content which combine to create a cemented layer. The lower subsoil horizons occur at variable depths (between 30 and 95 cm ) and comprise a stoneless, gleyed and slowly permeable clay which becomes calcareous at depth. On occasion, the upper subsoil horizon(s) was absent, the topsoil lying directly over the slowly permeable clay.
23. Given the local climate, these soil drainage characteristics equate to Wetness Classes II and III and appropriately Grades 1 and 2 on the basis of minor soil wetness. Soil wetness restricts the versatility of the land by limiting the opportunities for cultivation or grazing without damaging the soil, as well as restricting plant growth and the level and consistency of yields. The combination of soil characteristics and the relatively dry local climate also leads these areas to be slightly droughty to the extent that Grade 2 is appropriate. Soil droughtiness may affect plant growth and yield potential, as the supply of available water may be deficient, especially in drier years. Occasional observations of both slightly better and slightly worse quality have been included in this unit as at this scale of survey they were of too few a number and too scattered a distribution to map separately.

## Subgrade 3a

24. Land of good quality has been mapped across the majority of the site. The principal limitation to land quality in these areas is soil wetness. Soils are characterised by the soil pits, 1P, 2P and 5P (see Appendix II).
25. The soils are of a single overall type. They comprise a very slightly stony, occasionally gleyed, non-calcareous medium clay loam, sandy clay loam or calcareous heavy clay loam to clay topsoil. The upper subsoil is either similar in terms of texture and stoniness or comprises a non-calcareous heavy clay loam. All the observed topsoils show some evidence of seasonal waterlogging. This horizon was occasionally impenetrable to the soil auger, especially towards the east of the site. This was due to a significant iron content in this horizon which caused a cemented layer to be present during the dry conditions at the time of the survey.

Below this, the lower subsoil comprises calcareous and non-calcareous, poorly structured, gleyed and slowly permeable clay horizons. Given the local climate and these imperfectly drained soils Wetness Class III is appropriate, which, when combined with the workability status of the topsoils leads to Subgrade 3a being assigned on the basis of a soil wetness limitation.
26. Occasional observations of both a slightly better and slightly worse quality have been included in this map unit as they were of too scattered a distribution to be mapped separately at this scale of survey.

## Subgrade 3b

27. Land of moderate quality has been mapped in two separate units, located towards the north west and centre of the site. The principal limitation in these areas is soil wetness, with topsoil workability as an additional factor.
28. The soils in these parts of the site are of a single overall type. They comprise a stoneless to very slightly stony, non-calcareous, heavy clay loam or clay topsoil, which was occasionally gleyed. This passes to a similarly stony, gleyed, poorly structured and slowly permeable clay subsoil, which commonly became calcareous at depth. Given the relatively dry local climate, these soils are appropriately placed in Wetness Class III and Subgrade 3b, when the non-calcareous heavy textured topsoils are taken into account. The limitations caused by soil wetness are detailed above in para. 23. In these map units they are of a severe nature, principally because the topsoil is heavier and non-calcareous and therefore includes an additional workability component. These factors significantly restrict access to the land for cultivation and further reduce the flexibility of land use and the level and consistency of yields.

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## SOURCES OF REFERENCE

British Geological Survey (1971) Sheet No. SP83. Milton Keynes. Solid and Drift Edition. 1:25 000 scale. BGS: London.

Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales: Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land. MAFF: London.

Met. Office (1989) Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification. Met. Office: Bracknell.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983) Soils of South East England. 1:250 000 Scale. SSEW: Harpenden.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1984) Soils of South East England. Bulletin No. 15. SSEW: Harpenden.

## APPENDIX I

## DESCRIPTIONS OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

## Grade 1: Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

## Grade 2: Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield, cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

## Grade 3: Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, the timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown, yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

## Subgrade 3a: Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals, or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals, grass, oilseed rape, potatoes, sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops.

## Subgrade 3b: Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass, or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.

## Grade 4: Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (e.g. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

## Grade 5: Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops.

## APPENDIX II

## SOIL DATA

## Contents:

Sample location map
Soil abbreviations - explanatory note
Soil pit descriptions
Soil boring descriptions (boring and horizon levels)

## SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS: EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a computer database. This uses notations and abbreviations as set out below.

## Boring Header Information

1. GRID REF: national 100 km grid square and 8 figure grid reference.
2. USE: Land use at the time of survey. The following abbreviations are used:

| ARA: | Arable | WHT: | Wheat | BAR: | Barley |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CER: | Cereals | OAT: | Oats | MZE: | Maize |
| OSR: | Oilseed rape | BEN: | Field beans | BRA: | Brassicae |
| POT: | Potatoes | SBT: | Sugar beet | FCD: | Fodder crops |
| LIN: | Linseed | FRT: | Soft and top fruit | FLW: | Fallow |
| PGR: | Permanent | LEY: | Ley grass | RGR: | Rough grazing |
|  | pasture |  |  |  |  |
| SCR: | Scrub | CFW: | Coniferous woodland | OTH | Other |
| DCW: | Deciduous <br> woodland | BOG: | Bog or marsh | SAS: | Set-Aside |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HTH: | Heathland | HRT: | Horticultural crops | PLO: | Ploughed |

3. GRDNT: Gradient as estimated or mcasured by a hand-held optical clinometer.
4. GLEY/SPL: Depth in centimetres (cm) to gleying and/or slowly permeable layers.
5. AP (WHEA T/POTS): Crop-adjusted available water capacity.
6. MB (WHEAT/POTS): Moisture Balance. (Crop adjusted AP - crop adjusted MD)
7. DRT: Best grade according to soil droughtiness.
8. If any of the following factors are considered significant, ' $Y$ ' will be entered in the relevant column:

MREL: Microrelief limitation FLOOD: Flood risk EROSN: Soil erosion risk EXP: Exposure limitation FROST: Frost prone DIST: Disturbed land
CHEM: Chemical limitation
9. LIMIT: The main limitation to land quality. The following abbreviations are used:

| OC: | Overall Climate | AE | Aspect | ST: | Topsoil Stoniness |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FR: | Frost Risk | GR | Gradient | MR: | Microrelief |
| FL: | Flood Risk | TX | Topsoil Texture | DP: | Soil Depth |
| CH: | Chemical | WE | Wetness | WK: | Workability |
| DR: | Drought | ER | Erosion Risk | WD: | Soil Wetness/Dro |
| EX: | Exposure |  |  |  |  |

## Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1. TEXTURE: soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations:

| S: | Sand | LS: | Loamy Sand | SL: | Sandy Loam |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SZL: | Sandy Silt Loam | CL: | Clay Loam | ZCL: | Silty Clay Loam |
| ZL: | Silt Loam | SCL: | Sandy Clay Loam | C: | Clay |
| SC: | Sandy Clay | ZC: | Silty Clay | OL: | Organic Loam |
| P: | Peat | SP: | Sandy Peat | LP: | Loamy Peat |
| PL: | Peaty Loam | PS: | Peaty Sand | MZ: | Marine Light Silts |

For the sand, loamy sand, sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes, the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of the following prefixes:

F: $\quad$ Fine (more than $66 \%$ of the sand less than 0.2 mm )
M: Medium (less than $66 \%$ fine sand and less than $33 \%$ coarse sand)
C: Coarse (more than $33 \%$ of the sand larger than 0.6 mm )
The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub-divided according to the clay content:
M: Medium ( $<27 \%$ clay) H: Heavy ( $27-35 \%$ clay)
2. MOTTLE COL: Mottle colour using Munsell notation.
3. MOTTLE ABUN: Mottle abundance, expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described:

F: few <2\% C: common 2-20\% M: many 20-40\% VM: very many $40 \%+$
4. MOTTLE CONT: Mottle contrast:

F: faint - indistinct mottles, evident only on close inspection
D: distinct - mottles are readily seen
P: prominent - mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon
5. PED. COL: Ped face colour using Munsell notation
6. GLEY: If the soil horizon is gleyed a ' Y ' will appear in this column. If slightly gleyed, an ' S ' will appear.
7. STONE LITH: Stone Lithology - one of the following is used:

| HR: | all hard rocks and stones | FSST: | soft, fine grained sandstone |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ZR: | soft, argillaceous, or silty rocks | CH: | chalk |
| MSST: | soft, medium grained sandstone | GS: | gravel with porous (soft) stones |
| SI: | soft wcathered | GH: | gravcl with non-porous (hard) <br>  |
| igneous/metamorphic rock |  | stones |  |

Stone contents ( $>2 \mathrm{~cm},>6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and total) are given in percentages (by volume)
8. STRUCT: the degree of development, size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation:

| Degree of development | WK: | weakly developed | MD: | moderately developed |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | ST: | strongly developed |  |  |
| Ped size | F: | fine | M: | medium |
|  | C: | coarse |  |  |
| Ped shape | S: | single grain | M: | massive |
|  | GR: | granular | AB: | angular blocky |
|  | SAB: | sub-angular blocky | PR: | prismatic |
|  | PL: | platy |  |  |

9. CONSIST: Soil consistence is described using the following notation:
L: loose
FM: firm
EH: extremcly hard
VF: very friable
FR: friable
VM: very firm
EM: extremely firm
10. SUBS STR: Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness: G: good M: moderate $\quad \mathbf{P}$ : poor
11. POR: Soil porosity. If a soil horizon has less than $0.5 \%$ biopores $>0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$, a ' Y ' will appear in this column.
12. IMP: If the profile is impenetrable to rooting a ' $Y$ ' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon.
13. SPL: Slowly permcable layer. If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a ' Y ' will appear in this column.
14. CALC: If the soil horizon is calcareous, a ' $Y$ ' will appear in this column.
15. Other notations:

APW: available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat
APP: available water capacity (in mm ) adjusted for potatoes
MBW: moisture balance, wheat
MBP: moisture balance, potatocs

Site Name : MILTON XEYNES BOW BRICK Pit Number: ip


Wetness Grade : 3A

| Wetness Class | $: I I I$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Gleying | $: 25 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| SPL | $: 36 \mathrm{~cm}$ |

Drought Grade : 3A
APW : 094mm MBW : -13 mm
APP : 106mm MBP : 7 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3 A
MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name : MILTON KEYNES BOW 8RICK Pit Number: $2 P$


Wetness Grade : 3A

Drought Grade : 3A

| Wetness Class | $: 1 I I$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Gleying | $: 23 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| SPL | $: 23 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| APW : 098mm MBW : | -9 mm |
| APP : 101 mm | MBP : |

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3A
MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

Site Name : MILTON KEYNES BOW BRICK Pit Number: 3P


| Wetness Grade : 1 | Wetness Class $:$ Il <br> Gleying $: 30 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br>  SPL | $: 95 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| Drought Grade : 1 | APW : 143mm MBW : 36 mm |  |
|  | APP : 112 mm | MBP : 13 mm |

FINAL ALC GRADE : 1
MAIN LIMITATION :

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name : MILTON KEYNES BOW BRICK Pit Number: $4 P$

Grid Reference: SP90103503 Average Annual Rainfall : 626 mm
Accumulated Temperature : 1394 degree days
Field Capacity Level : 130 days
Land Use : Cereals
Slope and Aspect : degrees

| HORIZON | TEXTURE | COLOUR | STONES >2 | TOT. STONE | LITH | MOTTLES | STRUCTURE | CONSIST | SUBSTRUCTURE | CALC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-24 | MSZL | 10YR42 00 | 0 | 5 | HR |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24-41 | C | 05Y 6263 | 0 | 0 |  | M | MDCAB | FM | $p$ |  |
| 41-80 | C | 05Y 5200 | 0 | 5 | SLST | M | STCAB | FM | $p$ | Y |


| Wetness Grade : 2 | Wetness Class |  | : III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gleying |  | : 24 cm |
|  | SPL |  | : 24 cm |
| Drought Grade : 3 A | APW : 097mm | M 3 | : -10 mm |
|  | APP : 102 mm | M8P | 3 mm |

FINAL ALC GRADE : 2
MAIN LIMITATION : Soil Wetness/Droughtiness

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

```
Site Name : MILTON KEYNES BOW BRICK Pit Number : 5P
Grid Reference: SP91073556 Average Annual Rainfall : 626 mm
Accumulated Temperature : }1394\mathrm{ degree days
Field Capacity Level : 130 days
Land Use : Cereals
Slope and Aspect : 1 degrees N
\begin{tabular}{rcccccccccc} 
HORIZON & TEXTURE & COLOUR & STONES \(>2\) & TOT. STONE & LITH & MOTTLES & STRUCTURE & CONSIST & SUBSTRUUCTURE CALC \\
\(0-21\) & SCL & IOYR42 00 & 0 & 3 & HR & & & & \\
\(21-43\) & SCL & \(25 Y 4252\) & 0 & 10 & HR & \(M\) & MDCSAB & FM & \(M\) \\
\(43-120\) & \(C\) & \(05 Y \$ 200\) & 0 & 5 & HR & \(M\) & MDCAB & VM & \(P\)
\end{tabular}
```

Wetness Grade : 3A

Drought Grade : $3 A$

| Wetness Class | $:$ III |
| :--- | :--- |
| Gleying | $: 21 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| SPL | $: 43 \mathrm{~cm}$ |

APW : 104 mm MBW : -3 mm APP : 102mm MBP : 3 mm

```
FINAL ALC GRADE : 3A
MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness
```

SAMPLE ASPECT --WETNESS-- -WHEAT- -POTS- M.REL EROSN FROST CHEM ALC

| 1 | SP91903620 | CER |  |  | 48 | 81 | 1 | 1 | 147 | 40 | 114 | 15 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 P | SP91493555 | PGR | N | 1 | 25 | 36 | 3 | 3A | 094 | -13 | 106 | 7 | 3A |
| 2 | SP91603610 | PGR |  |  | 25 | 55 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 2P | SP91733562 | PGR |  |  | 23 | 23 | 3 | 3A | 098 | -9 | 101 | 2 | 3A |
| 3 | SP91813611 | CER | SE | 2 | 0 | 30 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 3 P | SP90403490 | CER |  |  | 30 | 95 | 2 | 1 | 143 | 36 | 112 | 13 | 1 |
| 4 | SP91853609 | CER |  |  | 0 | 25 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 4P | SP90103503 | CER |  |  | 24 | 24 | 3 | 2 | 097 | -10 | 102 | 3 | 3A |
| 5 | SP91503600 | PGR |  |  | 0 | 30 | 3 | 3 B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 5 P | SP91073556 | CER | $N$ | 1 | 21 | 43 | 3 | 3 A | 104 | -3 | 102 | 3 | 3A |
| 6 | SP91703600 | PGR |  |  | 30 | 30 | 3 | 38 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 7 | SP91903600 | CER |  |  | 28 | 28 | 3 | 38 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 8 | SP92103600 | CER | NW | 1 | 25 | 25 | 3 | 3 B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 9 | SP91203590 | WHT |  |  | 28 | 28 | 3 | 3 B | 114 | 7 | 105 | 6 | 2 |
| 10 | SP91403590 | PGR |  |  | 28 | 28 | 3 | 3 A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 11 | SP91573599 | LEY |  |  | 38 | 38 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 12 | SP92003590 | CER |  |  | 25 | 25 | 3 | 3 A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 13 | SP92203590 | CER |  |  | 0 |  | 2 | 2 | 058 | -39 | 068 | -31 | 38 |
| 14 | SP91103580 | WHT | $E$ | 1 | 0 |  | 3 | 3B | 061 | -46 | 061 | -38 | 3B |
| 15 | SP91203580 | WHT |  |  | 30 | 30 | 3 | 3 B |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 16 | SP91303580 | PGR |  |  | 30 | 30 | 3 | 3A | 138 | 31 | 105 | 6 | 2 |
| 17 | SP91503580 | PGR | N | 1 | 25 | 25 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 18 | SP91703580 | PGR | NW | 2 | 48 | 48 | 2 | 2 | 131 | 24 | 108 | 9 | 2 |
| 19 | SP91903580 | PGR | E | 2 | 30 | 30 | 3 | 38 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 20 | SP92103580 | CER | SW | 2 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 077 | -30 | 077 | -22 | 38 |
| 21 | SP92303580 | CER | S | 2 | 20 | 20 | 3 | 3 A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 22 | SP91003570 | WHT | E | 1 | 35 |  | 2 | 3 A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 23 | SP91103570 | WHT | E | 1 | 30 | 50 | 3 | 3 A | 091 | -16 | 102 | 3 | 3 A |
| 24 | SP91203570 | WHT | E | 1 | 25 |  | 2 | 3A | 069 | -38 | 069 | -30 | 3B |
| 25 | SP91403570 | PGR | $N$ | 1 | 30 | 45 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 26 | SP91573568 | PGR | $N$ | 1 | 30 | 30 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 27 | SP91803570 | PGR |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 053 | -54 | 053 | -46 | 4 |
| 28 | SP92003570 | CER |  |  | 0 | 30 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 29 | SP92203570 | CER | W | 2 | 30 | 30 | 3 | 38 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 30 | SP90703560 | WHT | SW | 1 | 25 |  | 2 | 2 | 068 | -39 | 068 | -31 | 38 |
| 31 | SP90903560 | WHT |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 053 | -54 | 053 | -46 | 4 |
| 32 | SP91103560 | WHT | E | 1 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 054 | -53 | 054 | -45 | 4 |
| 33 | SP91203560 | PGR | NE | 1 | 28 | 43 | 3 | 2 | 134 | 27 | 111 | 12 | 2 |
| 34 | SP91313557 | PGR |  |  | 30 |  | 2 | 2 | 156 | 49 |  | 19 | 1 |
| 35 | SP91493555 | PGR | N | 1 | 30 | 30 | 3 | 3 A |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 36 | SP91733562 | PGR | SW | 2 | 28 |  | 2 | 2 | 054 | -53 | 054 | -45 | 4 |
| 37 | SP91903560 | PGR | S | 2 | 21 | 21 | 3 | 38 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |


| SAMPLE |  | ASPECT |  |  | GLEY | SPL | --WETNESS-- |  | -WHEAT- |  | -POTS- | M. REL |  | EROSN F | FROST | CHEM | ALC | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NO. | GRID REF | USE |  | GRDNT |  |  | CLASS | GRADE | AP | MB AP | MB | DRT | FLOOD | EXP | DIST | LIMIT |  |  |
| 38 | SP90603550 | PGR |  |  | 65 | 65 | 2 | 2 | 130 | 23105 | 6 | 2 |  |  |  | W0 | 2 | SL Gley 30 |
| 39 | SP90803550 | WHT | NW | 1 | 28 | 50 | 3 | 3A | 126 | 19102 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  | WE | 3A |  |
| 40 | SP91013547 | PGR |  |  | 33 | 55 | 3 | 3 A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3 A |  |
| 41 | SP91143553 | PGR | NE | 2 | 28 | 28 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A |  |
| 42 | SP91203550 | PGR | E | 1 | 23 | 23 | 3 | 38 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3 B | HCL TS |
| 43 | SP91403550 | PGR | $N$ | 1 | 33 | 33 | 3 | 3 B |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3B | HCL TS |
| 44 | SP91623551 | PGR | $N$ | 1 | 33 | 33 | 3 | 3 A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3 A |  |
| 45 | SP91753553 | LEY | SW | 2 | 0 | 20 | 3 | 3 A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3 A |  |
| 46 | SP90503540 | CER |  |  | 30 | 45 | 3 | 2 | 127 | 20105 | 6 | 2 |  |  |  | WD | 2 |  |
| 47 | SP90703540 | PGR |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 124 | 17105 | 6 | 2 |  |  |  | DR | 2 | IMP100 SLGL35 |
| 48 | SP90913537 | CER | NW | 2 | 50 | 50 | 2 | 2 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 2 | SL GLEY 30 |
| 49 | SP91103540 | PGR |  |  | 23 | 23 | 3 | 3B |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 38 | HCL TS |
| 50 | SP91323539 | PGR | W | 1 | 30 | 30 | 3 | 3 A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A | IMP 60 |
| 51 | SP91503540 | PGR | $N$ | 1 | 30 | 30 | 3 | 3 A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A |  |
| 52 | SP90403530 | CER |  |  | 28 | 28 | 3 | 2 | 107 | 0112 | 13 | 3A |  |  |  | WD | 2 | DR 2 T0 120 |
| 53 | SP90603530 | PGR |  |  | 33 | 55 | 3 | 3 A | 109 | 2106 | 7 | 3 A |  |  |  | WE | 3 3 | DR TO 90 |
| 54 | SP90803530 | LEY |  |  | 41 | 75 | 2 | 3A | 146 | 39113 | 14 | 1 |  |  |  | WE | 3A | SL GLEY 32 |
| 55 | SP91003530 | CER | NW | 1 | 42 | 42 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A | SL GLEY 30 |
| 56 | SP91413531 | PGR | W | 1 | 25 | 25 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A | IMP 70 |
| 57 | SP90303520 | CER |  |  | 55 |  | 1 | 1 | 132 | 25124 | 25 | 2 |  |  |  | DR | 2 | IMP 90 |
| 58 | SP90503520 | CER |  |  | 30 |  | 2 | 1 | 099 | -8 102 | 3 | 3A |  |  |  | DR | 2 | IMP 55 SEE 3P |
| 59 | SP90703520 | hay | E | 2 | 25 | 45 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A |  |
| 60 | SP90903520 | HAY | SW | 2 | 20 | 45 | 3 | 3 A | 131 | 24108 | 9 | 2 |  |  |  | WE | 3A |  |
| 61 | SP91103520 | CER |  |  | 0 | 30 | 3 | 3 A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A |  |
| 62 | SP91263S21 | PGR |  |  | 30 | 45 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A |  |
| 63 | SP90203510 | CER |  |  | 60 |  | 1 | 1 | 114 | 7123 | 24 | 2 |  |  |  | DR | 2 | IMP 70 |
| 64 | SP90403510 | CER |  |  | 30 | 40 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A | IMP 75 |
| 65 | SP90603510 | PGR |  |  | 27 | 42 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A |  |
| 66 | SP90803510 | LEY ${ }^{\text {. }}$ |  |  | 25 | 35 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3 A | IMP 75 |
| 67 | SP90003500 | PGR |  |  | 30 | 50 | 3 | 2 | 132 | 25109 | 10 | 2 |  |  |  | WD | 2 |  |
| 68 | SP90103503 | CER |  |  | 30 | 30 | 3 | 2 | 136 | 29113 | 14 | 2 |  |  |  | WD | 2 | SEE 4P |
| 69 | SP90303497 | CER |  |  | 60 | 60 | 2 | 1 | 115 | 8123 | 24 | 2 |  |  |  | DR | 2 | IMP 75 |
| 70 | SP90503503 | PGR |  |  | 25 | 25 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3 A |  |
| 71 | SP90703500 | PGR |  |  | 25 | 45 | 3 | 2 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 2 | IMP 80 |
| 72 | SP89803490 | PGR |  |  | 0 | 80 | 2 | 2 | 127 | 20100 | 1 | 3 A |  |  |  | WE | 3 A | CALC C TS |
| 73 | SP89993492 | PGR |  |  | 0 | 50 | 3 | 3A | 118 | 11097 | -2 | 2 |  |  |  | WE | 3A | CALC C TS |
| 74 | SP90203490 | PGR |  |  | 25 | 55 | 3 | 2 | 128 | 21104 | 5 | 2 |  |  |  | WD | 2 |  |
| 75 | SP90403490 | WHT |  |  | 30 |  | 2 | 1 | 109 | 2110 | 11 | 3A |  |  |  | DR | 2 | IMP 80 DR2-129 |
| 76 | SP90603490 | PGR | W | 2 | 35 | 35 | 3 | 3A |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | WE | 3A |  |
| 77 | SP90803490 | PGR | N | 1 | 35 | 35 | 3 | 2 | 129 | 22117 | 18 | 2 |  |  |  | WE | 2 | OR TO 100 |
| 78 | SP89703480 | PGR |  |  | 28 | 65 | 2 | 2 | 138 | 31114 | 15 | 1 |  |  |  | WE | 2 |  |
| 79 | SP89903480 | PGR |  |  | 30 | 45 | 3 | 2 | 113 | 6104 | 5 | 2 |  |  |  | WD | 2 |  |







| 26 | 0-30 | $n ¢ 1$ | 10YR41 4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 30-55 | c | 10YR53 00 | 0 10YR58 00 M |
|  | 55-80 | c | 25Y 616 | 2 10YR58 00 M |
| 27 | 0-30 | mcl | 10YR43 0 | 0 |
| 28 | 0-30 | mcl | 10YR42 0 | 0 10YR46 00 |
|  | 30-70 | c | 05Y 525 | 3 10YR58 00 M |
| 29 | 0-30 | hel | 10YR42 0 | 10YR46 00 |
|  | 30-60 | c | 25Y 534 | 110 YR46 58 M |
|  | 60-90 | c | 25Y 515 | 3 10YR46 58 M |


| 30 | 0-25 | mcl | 10YR33 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 25-40 | c | $25 Y 53$ | 00 | 75YR56 | OOM |
| 31 | 0-30 | hel | 10YR34 | 00 |  |  |
| 32 | 0-30 | hel | $10 \mathrm{YR42}$ | 00 | 10YR58 | 00 F |
| 33 | 0-28 | msz 1 | 10 YR 42 | 00 |  |  |
|  | 28-43 | hel | $25 Y 52$ | 53 | 10 YR56 | 58 C |
|  | 43-120 | c | $25 Y 52$ | 53 | 10YR58 | 00 M |
| 34 | 0-30 | mcl | $10 \mathrm{YR42}$ | 00 | OOMNOO | 00 F |
|  | 30-55 | hel | 10YR53 | 00 | 10YR56 | 00 C |
|  | 55-65 | hel | 10YR53 | 52 | 10YR58 | 00 C |
|  | 65-85 | hel | $25 Y 61$ | 62 | 10YR58 | 00 M |
|  | 85-120 | scl | 25Y 61 | 62 | $75 Y R 58$ | 00 M |


| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OOMNOO FE Y | 0 | 0 | 0 |


|  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | 0 | 0 |


|  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OOMNOO 00 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 10 |
| OOFE00 00 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OOMNOO FE | Y | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |
| OOMNOO FE | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |
|  | Y | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OOFE00 00 |  | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |


| $\mathbf{y}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{y}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |


|  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OOFEOO OO Y | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |
| OOMNOO OO Y | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| $P$ | $Y$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $P$ | $Y$ |


| $P$ | $Y$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $P$ | $Y$ |

SLIGHTLY SANDY IMP IRONSTONE 50

IRONSTONE IRONSTONE IMP IRONSTONE 70

IMP IRONSTONE 40

BORDER HCL I RONSTONE IRONSTONE


SLIGHTLY SANDY

IMP IRONSTONE 30

CALC FROM 60

SL SANDY IMP IRONSTONE 40

IMP IRONSTONE 30

IMP IRONSTONE 30

SLIGHTLY SANDY SLIGHTLY SANDY

SLIGHTLY SANDY SLIGHTLY SANDY

BORDER C SPL? BORDER SC


36 | 36 | $0-28 \mathrm{mcl}$ | $10 \mathrm{YR43} 00$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

28-32 c $\quad 25 Y 5153$ 10YR58 00 C
37 0-21 hel 10YR42 52 10YR56 00 F 21-80 C 25 Y 5153 10YR58 00 M
$38 \quad 0-30 \quad$ scl $\quad 10 \mathrm{YR42} 00$
30-65 scl IOYRS4 00 10YR56 00 C
65-85 c $\quad 25 Y 5200$ 10YR58 00 M
85-120 c $\quad 25 Y 6100$ 1OYR58 00 M
$39 \quad 0-28$ scl 10 YR 4200
28-50 scl $10 \mathrm{YR53} 54$ 75YR58 00 C $\begin{array}{lll}50-60 & c & 25 Y \\ 50 & 52 & 10 Y R 56 \\ 58 & \mathrm{M}\end{array}$ 60-75 c $\quad 25 \mathrm{Y} 510010 Y R 5800 \mathrm{M}$ $75-120$ c $\quad 25 Y 6100$ 10YR58 00 M
$40 \quad 0-33 \mathrm{mcl}$ 10YR42 00
33-55 hel 10YR53 43 10YR58 00 C $55-70$ c $\quad 25 Y 5262$ 10YR58 00 M 70-90 c $\quad \mathbf{c} \quad 6100$ 10YR58 00 M
$410-28$ hel 10 YR 4200 10YR46 00 F $28-70$ c $05 Y 5262$ 10YR56 58 M

42 0-23 hel $25 Y 4200$
23-40 c $25 Y 5354$ 10YR56 00 C $40-80$ c $\quad 25 Y 6100$ 10YR58 00 M
$43 \quad 0-33$ hal 10YR31 41
$\begin{array}{ll}33-48 & c \\ 48-70 & c\end{array}$
25Y 5354 10YR56 00 C
25Y 6100 10YR58 68 M

10YR42 43
25 Y 6162 IOYR58 00 M
$45 \quad 0-20$ hel 10 YR42 52 10YR56 00 C 20-70 c
$46 \quad 0-30 \quad \mathrm{msz} 1 \quad$ 10YR42 00
30-45 hel $25 Y 5352$ 10YR58 00 M 45-120 c
$47 \quad 0-27 \mathrm{mcl} \quad$ 10YR42 43
27-35 mcl 10 YR44 00 10YRS6 00 F 35-75 scl $10 \mathrm{YR44} 54$ 75YR46 00 C $75-100 \mathrm{msl} \quad 10 \mathrm{YR} 5400$ 10YR58 00 M

|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $p$ | $Y$ |  | SLIGHTLY SANOY |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | P | Y | Y |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |  |  |  | IRONSTONE |
| OOFEOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 10 | M |  |  | IMP IRONSTONE 32 |
| OOMNOO FE |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| OOMNOO FE | $Y$ | 0 | 0 SLST | 1 | P | Y |  | CALC $60+$ |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| OOMNOO 00 OOMNOO 00 | S | 0 | 0 HR | 5 | M |  |  | SL GLEYED FESfONE |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | P | Y |  | SLIGHTLY SANDY |
|  | Y | 0 | 0 | 0 | P | Y | Y |  |
|  |  | 1 | 0 HR | 5 |  |  |  | IRONSTONE |
| OOMNOO FE Y |  | 0 | 0 HR | 5 | M |  |  | FESTONE BOROER HCL |
| OOWNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 3 | P | Y |  | SLIGHTLY SANDY |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $p$ | $Y$ |  |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | P | Y | $Y$ |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 3 |  |  |  | IRONSTONE SL SANDY |
| 00MNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 | M |  |  | BORDER SCL |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | P | Y |  | SLIGHTLY SANDY |
|  | Y | 0 | 0 | 0 | P | Y | $Y$ |  |
| OOMNOO 00 |  | 0 | 0 SLST | 3 |  |  | $Y$ | +2\% FLINTS |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 SLST | 4 | P | Y | Y |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  | 80RDER CLAY |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $p$ | $Y$ |  |  |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 SLST | 5 | P | $Y$ | Y |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  | IRONSTONE |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 5 | $p$ | $Y$ |  | IRONSTONE |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | P | $Y$ | Y |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| OOMNOO $00 ~ Y$ |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | P | $Y$ |  | IMP IRONSTONE 60 |
| OOFEOO $00 ~ Y$ |  | 0 | 0 HR | 5 |  |  | $Y$ |  |
| OOMNOO FE | Y | 0 | 0 | 0 | $p$ | $Y$ | $Y$ |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| OOMNOO 00 | $Y$ | 0 | 0 HR | 15 | M |  |  | IRONSTONE, SL SANDY |
|  | $Y$ | 0 | 0 SLST | 5 | P | Y | $Y$ |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  | SLIGHTLY SANDY |
|  |  | 0 | 0 HR | 5 | M |  |  | BORDER SCL |
| OOMNOO FE | S | 0 | 0 HR | 15 | M |  |  | SLIGATLY GLEYED |
|  | S | 0 | 0 HR | 15 | M |  |  | IMP FESTONE 100 SLGL. |





|  |  |  |  | ----MOTTLES----- |  |  | PED |  | ----STONES---- STRUCT/ |  |  |  | SUBS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SAMPLE | DEPTH | TEXTURE | COLOUR | COL | ABUN | CONT | COL. | GLEY | 2 | >6 LIT |  | CONSIST |  | IMP |  | CA |  |  |
| 82 | 0-30 | hel | 10YR41 00 | 10YR46 | 00 F |  | OOMNOO | 00 | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | SLIGHTLY | SANDY |
|  | 30-65 | c | 10YR41 51 | 10YR46 | OOM |  | OOMNOO | FE Y | 0 | 0 HR | 2 |  | P |  | Y |  | SLIGHTLY | SANDY |
|  | 65-120 | c | $25 Y 5153$ | 10YR46 | 58 M |  |  | Y |  | 0 | 0 |  | P |  | $\boldsymbol{\gamma}$ | $Y$ |  |  |

