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Horsham District Local Plan
Land West of the Railway,
Christ's Hospital, Horsham.
Agricultural Land Classification
ALC Map and Report
March 1995

AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

HORSHAM DISTRICT LOCAL PLAN.

LAND WEST OF THE RAILWAY, CHRIST'S HOSPITAL, HORSHAM.

1. Summary

- 1.1 ADAS was commissioned by MAFF's Land Use Planning Unit to provide information on land quality for a number of sites in the district of Horsham in West Sussex. The work forms part of MAFF's statutory input to the preparation of the Horsham District Local Plan.
- 1.2 The site comprises 69 hectares of land, to the south-west of Horsham, the majority being to the west of the railway line at Christ's Hospital, with a small area to the east of the railway near the station. An Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey was carried out in March 1995. The survey was undertaken at a semi-detailed level of approximately one boring for every 1.5 hectares of agricultural land surveyed. A total of 34 borings and three soil inspection pits were described in accordance with MAFF's revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land, (MAFF, 1988). These guidelines provide a framework for classifying land according to the extent to which its physical or chemical characteristics impose a long term limitation on its use for agriculture.
- 1.3 The survey work was carried out by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Guildford Statutory Group of ADAS.
- 1.4 At the time of the survey the agricultural land on the site comprised cereal stubble, an emerging crop of field beans, recently ploughed land and permanent grassland. Areas marked as non-agricultural include an active landfill site in the north, an overgrown disused railway line and unmanaged scrubland. Areas of woodland have also been marked on the map. Areas of urban, comprising private dwellings, and farm buildings have been mapped around Weston's Farm in the west of the site and Lone Barn in the east of the site. Part of the former sewage works adjoining the landfill site is also mapped as urban.
- 1.5 The distribution of grades and subgrades is shown on the attached ALC map, and the areas and extent are given in the table below. The map has been drawn at a scale of 1:10,000. It is accurate at this scale, but any enlargement would be misleading.

Table 1 : Distribution of Grades and Subgrades

Grade	Area (ha)	% of Site	% of Agricultural Land
3a	2.0	2.9	3.5
3b	55.2	80.0	<u>96.5</u>
Non-agricultural	5.8	8.4	100% (57.2 ha.)
Woodland	2.8	4.1	
Urban	1.8	2.6	
Farm buildings	<u>1.4</u>	<u>2.0</u>	
Total area of Site	69.0	100%	

- 1.6 Appendix I gives a general description of the grades, subgrades and land use categories identified in the survey. The main classes are described in terms of the type of limitation that can occur, the typical cropping range and the expected level and consistency of yield.
- 1.7 The majority of the agricultural land on the site has been classified as Subgrade 3b, moderate quality land, with soil wetness as the main limitation. Soil profiles typically comprise medium clay loam or heavy clay loam topsoils resting upon clay subsoils. Profiles are commonly gleyed from the topsoil, and the clay subsoils are slowly permeable and significantly impede drainage, such that a classification of Subgrade 3b is appropriate. Poorly drained wet soils restrict plant growth and development and may be more susceptible to structural damage through trafficking by agricultural machinery or poaching by grazing livestock. In the north of the site, an area of good quality Subgrade 3a land has been mapped. Soils in this mapping unit also show a wetness limitation, yet the severity of this is diminished due to the deeper depth at which the slowly permeable clay occurs in the profile. This can also be attributed to the higher percentage of interbedded soft sandstone which occurs in the profile, in comparison with elsewhere on the site. This moderate wetness limitation means that a classification of Subgrade 3a is appropriate.

2. Climate

- 2.1 The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe climatic limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions.
- 2.2 The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall, as a measure of overall wetness, and accumulated temperature (degree days Jan-June), as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality.
- 2.3 A detailed assessment of the prevailing climate was made by interpolation from a 5km gridpoint dataset (Met. Office 1989). The details are given in the table below and these show that there is no overall climatic limitation affecting the site.
- 2.4 However, climatic factors do interact with soil factors to influence soil wetness and droughtiness limitations.
- 2.5 No local climatic factors such as exposure or frost risk are believed to affect the site.

Table 2 : Climatic Interpolation

Grid Reference	TQ 146 294
Altitude (m)	40
Accumulated Temperature (degree days, Jan-June)	1487
Average Annual Rainfall (mm)	792
Field Capacity (days)	165
Moisture Deficit, Wheat (mm)	109
Moisture Deficit, Potatoes (mm)	104
Overall Climatic Grade	1

development, and may increase the likelihood of soil structural damage through trafficking by agricultural machinery or poaching by grazing livestock.

Subgrade 3b

- 5.3 The majority of the agricultural land on the site has been classified as Subgrade 3b due to a significant soil wetness limitation. Soil profiles were found to typically comprise medium clay loam and heavy clay loam topsoils commonly resting directly upon clay subsoils although occasionally, heavy clay loam upper subsoils were observed. Profiles show evidence of drainage imperfections in the form of gleying either from the topsoils or upper subsoils. Two soil inspection pits (Pits 1 and 3) indicated the clay lower subsoil to be poorly structured with low porosity, and therefore it is classified as a slowly permeable layer. The presence of gleying and the relatively shallow depth to the slowly permeable layer means that these soils are assigned to Wetness Class IV, with a resultant classification of Subgrade 3b given the prevailing climatic conditions. Poorly drained wet soils can inhibit plant and root development, and may be more susceptible to structural damage through trafficking by agricultural machinery or poaching by grazing livestock. This can in turn affect the frequency and timing of such operations.

ADAS Ref: 4205/22/95
MAFF Ref: EL 42/130

Resource Planning Team
Guildford Statutory Group
ADAS Reading

SOURCES OF REFERENCE

British Geological Survey (1972), Sheet No. 302, Horsham, 1:50,000 Series (solid and drift edition).

MAFF (1988), Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales : Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land.

Meteorological Office (1989), Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983), Sheet 6, Soils of South East England, 1:250,000 and accompanying legend.

APPENDIX I

DESCRIPTION OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

Grade 1 : Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

Grade 2 : Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield, cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

Grade 3 : Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, the timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown, yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

Subgrade 3a : Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals, or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals, grass, oilseed rape, potatoes, sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops.

Subgrade 3b : Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass, or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.

Grade 4 : Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (eg. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

Grade 5 : Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops.

Urban

Built-up or 'hard' uses with relatively little potential for a return to agriculture including: housing, industry, commerce, education, transport, religious buildings, cemeteries. Also, hard-surfaced sports facilities, permanent caravan sites and vacant land; all types of derelict land, including mineral workings which are only likely to be reclaimed using derelict land grants.

Non-agricultural

'Soft' uses where most of the land could be returned relatively easily to agriculture, including: private parkland, public open spaces, sports fields, allotments and soft-surfaced areas on airports. Also active mineral workings and refuse tips where restoration conditions to 'soft' after-uses may apply.

Woodland

Includes commercial and non-commercial woodland. A distinction may be made as necessary between farm and non-farm woodland.

Agricultural Buildings

Includes the normal range of agricultural buildings as well as other relatively permanent structures such as glasshouses. Temporary structures (eg. polythene tunnels erected for lambing) may be ignored.

Open Water

Includes lakes, ponds and rivers as map scale permits.

Land Not Surveyed

Agricultural land which has not been surveyed.

Where the land use includes more than one of the above, eg. buildings in large grounds, and where map scale permits, the cover types may be shown separately. Otherwise, the most extensive cover type will be shown.

APPENDIX II

FIELD ASSESSMENT OF SOIL WETNESS CLASS

SOIL WETNESS CLASSIFICATION

Soil wetness is classified according to the depth and duration of waterlogging in the soil profile. Six soil wetness classes are identified and are defined in the table below.

Definition of Soil Wetness Classes

Wetness Class	Duration of Waterlogging ¹
I	The soil profile is not wet within 70 cm depth for more than 30 days in most years. ²
II	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 31-90 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 90 days, but only wet within 40 cm depth for 30 days in most years.
III	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 91-180 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days, but only wet within 40 cm depth for between 31-90 days in most years.
IV	The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for more than 180 days but not wet within 40 cm depth for more than 210 days in most years or, if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth, it is wet within 40 cm depth for 91-210 days in most years.
V	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for 211-335 days in most years.
VI	The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for more than 335 days in most years.

Soils can be allocated to a wetness class on the basis of quantitative data recorded over a period of many years or by the interpretation of soil profile characteristics, site and climatic factors. Adequate quantitative data will rarely be available for ALC surveys and therefore the interpretative method of field assessment is used to identify soil wetness class in the field. The method adopted here is common to ADAS and the SSLRC.

¹The number of days specified is not necessarily a continuous period.

²'In most years' is defined as more than 10 out of 20 years.

APPENDIX III

SOIL PIT AND SOIL BORING DESCRIPTIONS

Contents :

Soil Abbreviations - Explanatory Note

Soil Pit Descriptions

Database Printout - Boring Level Information

Database Printout - Horizon Level Information

SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS : EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a computer database. This uses notations and abbreviations as set out below.

Boring Header Information

- GRID REF** : national 100 km grid square and 8 figure grid reference.
- USE** : Land use at the time of survey. The following abbreviations are used.

ARA : Arable	WHT : Wheat	BAR : Barley
CER : Cereals	OAT : Oats	MZE : Maize
OSR : Oilseed rape	BEN : Field Beans	BRA : Brassicae
POT : Potatoes	SBT : Sugar Beet	FCD : Fodder Crops
LIN : Linseed	FRT : Soft and Top Fruit	FLW : Fallow
PGR : Permanent Pasture	LEY : Ley Grass	RGR : Rough Grazing
SCR : Scrub	CFW : Coniferous Woodland	DCW : Deciduous Wood
HTH : Heathland	BOG : Bog or Marsh	FLW : Fallow
PLO : Ploughed	SAS : Set aside	OTH : Other
HRT : Horticultural Crops		
- GRDNT** : Gradient as estimated or measured by a hand-held optical clinometer.
- GLEYSPL** : Depth in centimetres (cm) to gleying and/or slowly permeable layers.
- AP (WHEAT/POTS)** : Crop-adjusted available water capacity.
- MB (WHEAT/POTS)** : Moisture Balance. (Crop adjusted AP - crop adjusted MD)
- DRT** : Best grade according to soil droughtiness.
- If any of the following factors are considered significant, 'Y' will be entered in the relevant column.

MREL : Microrelief limitation	FLOOD : Flood risk	EROSN : Soil erosion risk
EXP : Exposure limitation	FROST : Frost prone	DIST : Disturbed land
CHEM : Chemical limitation		
- LIMIT** : The main limitation to land quality. The following abbreviations are used.

OC : Overall Climate	AE : Aspect	EX : Exposure
FR : Frost Risk	GR : Gradient	MR : Microrelief
FL : Flood Risk	TX : Topsoil Texture	DP : Soil Depth
CH : Chemical	WE : Wetness	WK : Workability
DR : Drought	ER : Erosion Risk	WD : Soil Wetness/Droughtiness
ST : Topsoil Stoniness		

Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1. **TEXTURE** : soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations.

S :	Sand	LS :	Loamy Sand	SL :	Sandy Loam
SZL :	Sandy Silt Loam	CL :	Clay Loam	ZCL :	Silty Clay Loam
ZL :	Silt Loam	SCL :	Sandy Clay Loam	C :	Clay
SC :	Sandy Clay	ZC :	Silty Clay	OL :	Organic Loam
P :	Peat	SP :	Sandy Peat	LP :	Loamy Peat
PL :	Peaty Loam	PS :	Peaty Sand	MZ :	Marine Light Silts

For the sand, loamy sand, sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes, the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of the following prefixes:

F :	Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0.2mm)
M :	Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)
C :	Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0.6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub-divided according to the clay content: **M** : Medium (<27% clay) **H** : Heavy (27-35% clay)

2. **MOTTLE COL** : Mottle colour using Munsell notation.
3. **MOTTLE ABUN** : Mottle abundance, expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described.

F : few <2% **C** : common 2-20% **M** : many 20-40% **VM** : very many 40% +

4. **MOTTLE CONT** : Mottle contrast
- F** : faint - indistinct mottles, evident only on close inspection
D : distinct - mottles are readily seen
P : prominent - mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon

5. **PED. COL** : Ped face colour using Munsell notation.
6. **GLEYS** : If the soil horizon is gleyed a 'Y' will appear in this column. If slightly gleyed, an 'S' will appear.
7. **STONE LITH** : Stone Lithology - One of the following is used.

HR :	all hard rocks and stones	SLST :	soft oolitic or dolimitic limestone
CH :	chalk	FSST :	soft, fine grained sandstone
ZR :	soft, argillaceous, or silty rocks	GH :	gravel with non-porous (hard) stones
MSST :	soft, medium grained sandstone	GS :	gravel with porous (soft) stones
SI :	soft weathered igneous/metamorphic rock		

Stone contents (>2cm, >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume).

8. **STRUCT** : the degree of development, size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation:

degree of development **WK** : weakly developed **MD** : moderately developed
 ST : strongly developed

ped size **F** : fine **M** : medium
 C : coarse **VC** : very coarse

ped shape **S** : single grain **M** : massive
 GR : granular **AB** : angular blocky
 SAB : sub-angular blocky **PR** : prismatic
 PL : platy

9. **CONSIST** : Soil consistence is described using the following notation:

L : loose **VF** : very friable **FR** : friable **FM** : firm **VM** : very firm
EM : extremely firm **EH** : extremely hard

10. **SUBS STR** : Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness : **G** : good **M** : moderate **P** : poor

11. **POR** : Soil porosity. If a soil horizon has less than 0.5% biopores >0.5 mm, a 'Y' will appear in this column.

12. **IMP** : If the profile is impenetrable to rooting a 'Y' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon.

13. **SPL** : Slowly permeable layer. If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a 'Y' will appear in this column.

14. **CALC** : If the soil horizon is calcareous, a 'Y' will appear in this column.

15. Other notations

APW : available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat
APP : available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes
MBW : moisture balance, wheat
MBP : moisture balance, potatoes

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name : HORSHAM LP CHRISTS HOSP Pit Number : 1P

Grid Reference: TQ14102900 Average Annual Rainfall : 790 mm
 Accumulated Temperature : 1493 degree days
 Field Capacity Level : 165 days
 Land Use :
 Slope and Aspect : degrees

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
0- 26	MCL	25Y 42 00	0	5	HR	C				
26- 70	C	10YR62 00	0	0		M	WKCAB	FM	P	

Wetness Grade : 3B Wetness Class : IV
 Gleying : 0 cm
 SPL : 026 cm

Drought Grade : APW : mm MBW : 0 mm
 APP : mm MBP : 0 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3B
 MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name : HORSHAM LP CHRISTS HOSP Pit Number : 2P

Grid Reference: TQ14502950 Average Annual Rainfall : 790 mm
 Accumulated Temperature : 1493 degree days
 Field Capacity Level : 165 days
 Land Use : Field Beans
 Slope and Aspect : degrees

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
0- 29	MCL	10YR42 00	0	5	HR					
29- 50	HCL	25Y 63 61	0	20	MSST	C	MDCSAB	FR	M	
50- 71	C	25Y 63 62	0	5	MSST	M	WKCSAB	FR	M	
71- 90	HCL	25Y 72 73	0	20	MSST	M	WKCSAB	FR	M	

Wetness Grade : 3A Wetness Class : III
 Gleying : 029 cm
 SPL : 050 cm

Drought Grade : APW : mm MBW : 0 mm
 APP : mm MBP : 0 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3A
 MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name : HORSHAM LP CHRISTS HOSP Pit Number : 3P

Grid Reference: TQ14502920 Average Annual Rainfall : 790 mm
 Accumulated Temperature : 1493 degree days
 Field Capacity Level : 165 days
 Land Use : Permanent Grass
 Slope and Aspect : degrees

HORIZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES >2	TOT.STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
0- 30	MCL	10YR5/2 0/0	0	0		C				
30- 60	C	2.5Y 6/1 0/0	0	2	MSST	M	WKCAB	FM	P	

Wetness Grade : 3B Wetness Class : IV
 Gleying : 0 cm
 SPL : 0.30 cm

Drought Grade : APW : mm MBW : 0 mm
 APP : mm MBP : 0 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE : 3B
 MAIN LIMITATION : Wetness

SAMPLE NO.	GRID REF	ASPECT USE	--WETNESS--		-WHEAT-		-POTS-		M.REL		EROSN EXP	FROST DIST	CHEM LIMIT	ALC	COMMENTS
			GRDNT	GLEYSPL	CLASS	GRADE	AP	MB	AP	MB					
1	TQ13902290	PGR		0 040	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
1P	TQ14102900	STB		0 026	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	PIT70
2	TQ14412949	BEA		025 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
2P	TQ14502950	BEN		029 050	3	3A		0	0				WE	3A	PIT90
3	TQ14502950	BEN		030 047	3	3A		0	0				WE	3A	
3P	TQ14502920	PGR		0 030	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	WATER 55
4	TQ14602950	BEN		0 066	3	3A		0	0				WE	3A	
5	TQ14092937	STB		025 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
6	TQ14502940	BEN		0 024	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
7	TQ14602940	BEN		029 042	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
8	TQ14702940	BEN		0 026	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
9	TQ13902930	PGR		0 030	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
10	TQ14302930	PLO		025 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
11	TQ14402930	PGR		029 040	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
12	TQ14502930	PGR		0 030	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
13	TQ14582940	BEN		0 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
14	TQ14102920	STB		030 030	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
15	TQ14302920	PLO		030 055	3	3A		0	0				WE	3A	
16	TQ14502920	PGR		0 030	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
17	TQ14672915	PGR		0 028	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
18	TQ13902910	STB		0 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
19	TQ14302910	PLO		025 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
20	TQ14402910	PLO		030 030	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
21	TQ14102900	STB		0 030	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
22	TQ14302900	PLO		028 028	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
23	TQ14402900	PLO		025 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
24	TQ14502900	PLO		030 055	3	3A		0	0				WE	3A	
25	TQ14602900	PGR		0 027	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
26	TQ13902890	PGR		0 028	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
27	TQ14402890	PLO		025 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
28	TQ14102882	STB		0 030	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
29	TQ14302880	PLO		028 028	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
30	TQ14502880	PLO		025 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
31	TQ15002920	PGR		0 028	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
32	TQ14902910	PGR		0 037	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
33	TQ15002910	PGR		020 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	
34	TQ15082908	PGR		0 025	4	3B		0	0				WE	3B	

-----MOTTLES----- PED -----STONES----- STRUCT/ SUBS

SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLE	>2	>6	LITH	TOT	CONSIST	STR	POR	IMP	SPL	CALC
1	0-30	mc1	10YR42 00 10YR56 00 C					Y	0	0	0							
	30-40	hc1	10YR42 00 10YR56 00 C				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	0			M				
	40-60	c	10YR53 00 10YR56 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	0			P			Y	
	60-80	c	25Y 51 00 75YR56 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	0			P			Y	
1P	0-26	mc1	25Y 42 00 10YR56 00 C					Y	0	0	HR	5						
	26-70	c	10YR62 00 10YR68 71 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0		0	WK	CAB	FM	P	Y	Y
2	0-25	hc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 00 F						0	0	HR	5						
	25-35	c	10YR62 63 10YR68 71 M					Y	0	0	MSST	5		M			Y	
	35-50	sc1	10YR63 00 10YR68 71 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	MSST	10		M			Y	
	50-80	c	10YR62 00 10YR68 71 M					Y	0	0	MSST	5		M			Y	
2P	0-29	mc1	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	5						
	29-50	hc1	25Y 63 61 10YR68 00 C				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	MSST	20	MD	C	S	AB	FR	M
	50-71	c	25Y 63 62 10YR58 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	MSST	5	WK	C	S	AB	FR	M
	71-90	hc1	25Y 72 73 10YR68 00 M				00FE00 00	Y	0	0	MSST	20	WK	C	S	AB	FR	M
3	0-30	mc1	10YR43 00 00MN00 00 F						0	0	HR	2						
	30-47	hc1	10YR42 44 10YR58 61 C					Y	0	0		0		M				
	47-65	c	10YR62 00 10YR68 71 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	MSST	5		M			Y	
	65-80	hc1	10YR63 00 10YR68 71 M					Y	0	0	MSST	5		M			Y	
3P	0-30	mc1	10YR52 00 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0		0						
	30-60	c	25Y 61 00 10YR58 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	MSST	2	WK	C	AB	FM	P	Y
4	0-26	mc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	HR	2						
	26-66	hc1	10YR63 00 10YR68 71 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	MSST	5		M				
	66-85	c	10YR62 00 10YR68 71 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	MSST	5		M			Y	
5	0-25	hc1	10YR42 00 10YR56 00 F						0	0		0						
	25-70	c	25Y 52 00 10YR58 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0		0		P			Y	
6	0-24	hc1	10YR52 53 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	HR	2						
	24-60	c	25Y 62 00 10YR68 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0		0		P			Y	
7	0-29	hc1	10YR52 00						0	0	HR	5						
	29-42	hc1	10YR52 53 10YR58 00 C				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	MSST	5		M				
	42-70	c	10YR62 63 10YR68 71 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0		0		P			Y	
8	0-26	mc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	HR	5						
	26-55	c	10YR62 00 10YR68 71 M					Y	0	0	MSST	5		P			Y	
9	0-30	hc1	10YR42 00 10YR56 00 C					Y	0	0		0						
	30-50	c	25Y 51 00 10YR56 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0		0		P			Y	
	50-70	c	25Y 61 00 75YR56 00 M					Y	0	0		0		P			Y	
10	0-25	hc1	10YR42 00 10YR66 00 F						0	0	HR	10						
	25-70	c	05Y 61 00 10YR68 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0		0		P			Y	

SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	----MOTTLES-----			PED		----STONES----			STRUCT/	SUBS					
				COL	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLE	>2	>6	LITH		TOT	CONSIST	STR	POR	IMP	SPL
11	0-29	mc1	10YR52 53	00MN00	00	C			0	0	0							
	29-40	hc1	10YR52 00	10YR58	61	C	00MN00	00	Y	0	0		M					
	40-70	c	10YR62 00	10YR68	71	M			Y	0	0	MSST	5	P			Y	
12	0-30	hc1	10YR52 53	10YR68	00	C			Y	0	0	0						
	30-65	c	10YR62 00	10YR68	71	M			Y	0	0	MSST	5	P			Y	
13	0-25	hc1	10YR52 53	10YR58	00	C			Y	0	0	HR	2					
	25-60	c	10YR62 63	10YR68	71	M			Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
14	0-30	hc1	10YR42 00							0	0	0						
	30-70	c	25Y 51 00	75YR56	00	M			Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
15	0-30	mc1	10YR42 00							0	0	0						
	30-55	sc1	25Y 61 00	10YR68	00	M	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	0		M				
	55-90	c	05Y 62 61	10YR68	00	M	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
16	0-30	mc1	25Y 42 00	10YR46	00	C	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	0						
	30-70	c	05Y 62 61	75YR58	00	M	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
	70-71	c	00ZZ00 00						Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
17	0-28	hc1	25Y 42 00	10YR56	00	C			Y	0	0	0						
	28-60	c	05Y 62 00	10YR58	00	M	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
18	0-25	hc1	10YR42 00	10YR56	00	C			Y	0	0	0						
	25-50	c	25Y 61 00	10YR58	00	M			Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
	50-70	c	25Y 61 00	10YR58	00	M	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
19	0-25	hc1	10YR42 00							0	0	0						
	25-60	c	25Y 52 51	10YR58	00	M	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
20	0-30	mc1	10YR42 00							0	0	0						
	30-70	c	25Y 52 00	75YR58	00	M	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
21	0-30	hc1	10YR42 00	10YR56	00	C			Y	0	0	0						
	30-70	c	25Y 61 00	75YR56	00	M			Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
22	0-28	mc1	10YR42 00							0	0	0						
	28-70	c	05GY71 00	10YR68	00	M	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
23	0-25	mc1	10YR42 00							0	0	0						
	25-50	c	10YR51 00	10YR58	00	M			Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
24	0-30	mc1	10YR42 00							0	0	HR	5					
	30-55	hc1	25Y 62 61	10YR58	00	C	00MN00	00	Y	0	0	MSST	20	M				
	55-80	c	05GY71 00	10YR58	00	M			Y	0	0	0		P			Y	
25	0-27	mc1	10YR42 43	10YR58	61	C			Y	0	0	0						
	27-65	c	10YR52 00	10YR68	71	M			Y	0	0	0		P			Y	

-----MOTTLES----- PED -----STONES----- STRUCT/ SUBS

SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLE	>2	>6	LITH	TOT	CONSIST	STR	POR	IMP	SPL	CALC
26	0-28	hc1	10YR53 00 10YR56 00 M					Y	0	0	0							
	28-70	c	25Y 61 00 10YR58 00 M					Y	0	0	0			P			Y	
27	0-25	mc1	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	4						
	25-70	c	05Y 71 72 10YR68 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	0			P			Y	
28	0-30	hc1	10YR42 00 10YR56 00 C					Y	0	0	0							
	30-50	c	25Y 51 52 10YR58 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	0			P			Y	
	50-70	c	25Y 61 00 75YR56 00 M					Y	0	0	0			P			Y	
29	0-28	mc1	25Y 42 52						1	0	HR	5						
	28-75	c	25Y 52 00 10YR66 00 C				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	HR	5		P			Y	
30	0-25	mc1	10YR42 00						0	0	HR	5						
	25-40	c	25Y 71 00 10YR58 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	HR	5		P			Y	
	40-70	c	05Y 62 00 10YR68 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	0			P			Y	
31	0-28	mc1	10YR43 00 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	0							
	28-70	c	25Y 62 00 10YR68 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	0			P			Y	
32	0-25	mc1	10YR42 00 10YR58 61 C					Y	0	0	0							
	25-37	hc1	10YR53 00 10YR56 00 C					Y	0	0	0			M				
	37-70	c	10YR62 00 10YR68 71 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	0			P			Y	
33	0-20	mc1	10YR42 00 10YR58 00 F						0	0	0							
	20-25	mc1	10YR53 00 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	0			M				
	25-70	c	25Y 62 00 10YR76 00 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	0			P			Y	
34	0-25	mc1	10YR42 00 10YR58 00 C					Y	0	0	0							
	25-70	c	10YR62 00 75YR68 71 M				00MN00 00	Y	0	0	0			P			Y	