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Hampshire Minerals Plan
Omission Site 13 Salisbury Road,
Bickton
ALC Map and Report
December, 1994

AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

HAMPSHIRE MINERALS PLAN OMMISSION SITE 13 LAND AT SALISBURY ROAD, BICKTON

1 Summary

- ADAS was commissioned by MAFF's Land Use Planning Unit to provide information on land quality for a number of ommission sites relating to the Hampshire Minerals and Waste Disposal Plan This work forms part of MAFF's statutory input to the above plan
- Approximately 6 hectares of land relating to ommission site 13 land adjoining Salisbury Road Bickton was surveyed in November 1994. The survey was undertaken at a detailed level of approximately one boring per hectare. A total of 8 borings and 1 soil inspection pits were assessed in accordance with MAFF s revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land (MAFF 1988). These guidelines provide a framework for classifying land according to the extent to which its physical or chemical characteristics impose long term limitations on its use for agriculture.
- The work was carried out by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Guildford Statutory Group of ADAS
- 1 4 At the time of survey the agricultural land use was a grass ley
- The distribution of the grades and subgrades is shown on the attached ALC map and the areas are given in the table below. The map has been drawn at a scale of 1 10 000. It is accurate at this scale but any enlargement would be misleading. This map supersedes any previous survey information for this site.

Table 1 Distribution of Grades and Subgrades

Grade	Area (ha)	% of Site
3a	3 7	66 1
3b	19	33 9
Total	5 6ha	100%

A general description of the grades subgrades and land use categories is provided in Appendix I. The main classes are described in terms of the type of limitation that can occur the typical cropping range and the expected level and consistency of yield.

The land quality on the site has been classified as subgrade 3a (good quality land) and subgrade 3b (moderate quality land). The key limitation is one of soil droughtiness caused by comparitvely shallow depths of soil over gravelly lower horizons. Where soils are deeper over gravel and the profiles are less stony (ie to the north of the site) land is graded 3a elsewhere due to an increased risk of drought they are appropriately graded 3b.

2 Climate

- The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions
- The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall as a measure of overall wetness and accumulated temperature as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality. The combination of rainfall and temperature at this site mean that there is no overall limitation to agricultural land quality.

Table 2 Climatic Interpolation

Grid Reference	SU154119
Altıtude (m AOD)	28
Accumulated Temperature	1531
(°days Jan June)	
Average Annual Rainfall (mm)	867
Field Capacity Days	180
Moisture deficit wheat (mm)	108
Moisture deficit potatoes (mm)) 101
Overall Climatic Grade	1

3 Relief

The site lies at an altitude of around 28m AOD. There is a slight valley feature running roughly north to south through the centre of the site. Nowhere on the site do relief or microtopography affect agricultural land quality.

4 Geology and Soils

The published geology map for the site area (BGS Sheet 314 Ringwood 1976) shows the site to be underlain by valley gravels. Mineral Assessment Report No 50 (IGS 1980) indicates that these comprise 4th level terrace deposits overlying Bagshot Beds.

The published soils information for the area (SSEW 1983 Sheet 6 | 250 000) shows the site to comprise the Hucklesbrook Association described as well drained coarse loamy and some sandy soils commonly over gravel. Some similar permeable soils affected by groundwater. Usually on flat land. (SSEW 1983) Detailed field examination found soils broadly consistent with those described above.

5 Agricultural Land Classification

- Table 1 provides details of the area measurements for each grade and the distribution of each grade is shown on the attached ALC map
- The location of the soil observation points is shown on the attached sample point map

Subgrade 3a

Land of this quality is mapped to the north of the site. Soils are well drained (wetness class 1) and typically comprise slightly stony (<10%v/v total flints) medium sandy silt loam or medium clay loam topsoils overlying similar subsoils. These in turn pass to increasing flinty layers from about 50 70cm before the gravel is reached. Moisture balance calculations indicate that there is a shortfall of moisture for crop growth. The magnitude of this shortfall is such that subgrade 3a is appropriate on the basis of the risk of drought.

Subgrade 3b

Moderate quality subgrade 3b land is mapped to the south of the site. Soils are broadly similar in type to those described above but are significantly more stony in the upper horizons and pass to gravel at shallower depths (50cm+). This causes a significant reduction in the available water capacity of the soil which in combination with the local climate regime gives these soils a high risk of drought. Moisture balance calculations indicate that such land is appropriately graded 3b. Pit 1 is typical of this land.

ADAS Reference 1508/272/94 MAFF Reference EL 15/107

Resource Planning Team Guildford Statutory Group ADAS Reading

REFERENCES

British Geological Survey (1976) Sheet Number 314 Ringwood 1 50 000

Institute of Geological Sciences (1980) Mineral Assessment Report 50 SU11 Fordingbridge (with accompanying map at 1 25 000 scale)

MAFF (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales Revised Guidelines and Criteria for Grading the Quality of Agricultural Land

Meteorological Office (1989) Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983) Sheet Number 6 Soils of South East England 1 250 000

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1984) Soils and their Use in South East England Bulletin Number 15

APPENDIX I

DESCRIPTION OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

Grade 1 Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit soft fruit salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

Grade 2 Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of vield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

Grade 3 Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops the timing and type of cultivation harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

Subgrade 3a Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops especially cereals or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals grass oilseed rape potatoes sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops

Subgrade 3b Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops principally cereals and grass or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year

Grade 4 Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (eg. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

Grade 5 Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing except for occasional pioneer forage crops

Urban

Built up or hard uses with relatively little potential for a return to agriculture including housing industry commerce education transport religous buildings cemetries. Also hard surfaced sports facilities permanent caravan sites and vacant land all types of derelict land including mineral workings which are only likely to be reclaimed using derelict land grants.

Non-agricultural

Soft uses where most of the land could be returned relatively easily to agriculture including private parkland public open spaces sports fields allotments and soft surfaced areas on airports. Also active mineral workings and refuse tips where restoration conditions to soft after uses may apply

Woodland

Includes commercial and non-commercial woodland. A distinction may be made as necessary between farm and non-farm woodland.

Agricultural Buildings

Includes the normal range of agricultural buildings as well as other relatively permanent structures such as glasshouses Temporary structures (eg polythene tunnels erected for lambing) may be ignored

Open Water

Includes lakes ponds and rivers as map scale permits

Land Not Surveyed

Agricultural land which has not been surveyed

Where the land use includes more than one of the above eg buildings in large grounds and where map scale permits the cover types may be shown separately. Otherwise the most extensive cover type will be shown

APPENDIX II

DEFINITION OF SOIL WETNESS CLASS

Wetness Class I

The soil profile is not wet within 70 cm depth for more than 30 days in most years

Wetness Class II

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 31 90 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer within 80 cm depth it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days but only wet within 40 cm depth for 31 90 days in most years

Wetness Class III

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for 91-180 days in most years **or** if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth it is wet within 70 cm for more than 180 days but only wet within 40 cm depth for between 31-90 days in most years

Wetness Class IV

The soil profile is wet within 70 cm depth for more than 180 days but not wet within 40 cm depth fro more than 210 days in most years or if there is no slowly permeable layer present within 80 cm depth it is wet within 40 cm depth for 91 210 days in most years

Wetness Class V

The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for 211-335 days in most years

Wetness Class VI

The soil profile is wet within 40 cm depth for more than 335 days in most years

APPENDIX III

SOIL PIT AND SOIL BORING DESCRIPTIONS

Contents

Sample Point Map

Soil Abbreviations - explanatory note

Database Printout soil pit information

Database Printout - boring level information

Database Printout - horizon level information

SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a database. This has commonly used notations and abbreviations as set out below

Boring Header Information

- 1 GRID REF national grid square and 8 figure grid reference
- 2 USE Land use at the time of survey The following abbreviations are used

ARA	Arable	WHT Wheat	BAR Barley
CER	Cereals	OAT Oats	MZE Maize
OSR	Oilseed rape	BEN Field Beans	BRA Brassicae
POI	Potatoes	SBT Sugar Beet	FCD Fodder Crops
LIN	Linseed	FRT Soft and Top Fruit	FLW Fallow
PGR	Permanent Pastu	re LEY Ley Grass	RGR Rough Grazing
SCR	Scrub	CFW Coniferous Woodland	DCW Deciduous Wood
HTH	Heathland	BOG Bog or Marsh	FLW Fallow
PLO	Ploughed	SAS Set aside	OTH Other
HRT	Horticultural Cro	ops	

- 3 GRDNT Gradient as measured by a hand held optical clinometer
- 4 GLEY/SPL Depth in cm to gleying or slowly permeable layers
- 5 AP (WHEAT/POTS) Crop-adjusted available water capacity
- 6 MB (WHEAT/POTS) Moisture Balance
- 7 DRT Best grade according to soil droughtiness
- 8 If any of the following factors are considered significant an entry of Y will be entered in the relevant column

MREL	Microrelief limitation	FLOOD	Flood risk	EROSN	Soil erosion risk
EXP E	xposure limitation	FROST	Frost	DIST	Disturbed land
CHEM	Chemical limitation				

9 LIMIT The main limitation to land quality The following abbreviations are used

OC	Overall Climate	ΑE	Aspect	EX Exposure	
FR	Frost Risk	GR	Gradient	MR Microrelief	
FL	Flood Risk	TX	Topsoil Texture	DP Soil Depth ST Topsoil Stones	S
CH	Chemical	WE	Wetness	WK Workability	
DR	Drought	ER	Erosion Risk	WD Soil Wetness/Droughtiness	

Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1 **TEXTURE** soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations

S Sand LS Loamy Sand SL Sandy Loam

SZL Sandy Silt Loam CL Clav Loam

ZCL Silty Clay Loam SCL Sandy Clay Loam

C Clay SC Sandy Clay ZC Silty Clay OL Organic Loam P Peat SP Sandy Peat LP Loamy Peat PL Peaty Loam PS Peaty Sand

MZ Marine Light Silts

For the sand loamy sand sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of prefixes

F Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0 2mm)

M Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)

C Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0 6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub divided according to the clay content M Medium (<27% clay) H Heavy (27 35% clay)

- 2 MOTTLE COL Mottle colour
- 3 MOTTLE ABUN Mottle abundance expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described

F few <2% C common 2-20% M many 20 40 VM very many 40%

- 4 MOTTLE CONT Mottle contrast
 - F faint indistinct mottles evident only on close inspection
 - D distinct mottles are readily seen
 - P prominent mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon
- 5 PED COL Ped face colour
- 6 STONE LITH One of the following is used

HR all hard rocks and stones SLST soft oolitic or dolimitic limestone

CH chalk FSST soft fine grained sandstone

ZR soft argillaceous or silty rocks GH gravel with non porous (hard) stones

MSST soft medium grained sandstone GH gravel with non porous (hard) stones

SI soft weathered igneous/metamorphic rock

Stone contents (>2cm >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume)

7 STRUCT the degree of development size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation

degree of development WK weakly developed MD moderately developed ST strongly developed

ped size F fine M medium C coarse VC very coarse ped shape S single grain M massive GR granular AB angular blocky SAB sub angular blocky PR prismatic PL platy

8 CONSIST Soil consistence is described using the following notation

L loose VF very friable FR friable FM firm VM very firm EM extremely firm EH extremely hard

- 9 SUBS STR Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness G good M moderate P poor
- 10 **POR** Soil porosity If a soil horizon has less than 0.5% biopores >0.5 mm a. Y will appear in this column
- 11 IMP If the profile is impenetrable a Y will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon
- 12 **SPL** Slowly permeable layer If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a Y will appear in this column
- 13 CALC If the soil horizon is calcareous a Y will appear in this column
- 14 Other notations

APW available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat APP available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes MBW moisture balance wheat MBP moisture balance potatoes

SOIL PIT DESCRIPTION

Site Name HANTS MINS OM SITE 13 Pit Number 1P

Grid Reference SU15401170 Average Annual Rainfall 867 mm

Accumulated Temperature 1531 degree days

Field Capacity Level 180 days

Land Use Ley

Slope and Aspect degrees

HORI	ZON	TEXTURE	COLOUR	STONES	2	TOT STONE	LITH	MOTTLES	STRUCTURE	CONSIST	SUBSTRUCTURE	CALC
٥	29	MSZL	10YR42 00	10		22	HR					
29	35	MSZL	10YR42 00	0		34	HR				M	
35	50	MCL	10YR42 00	0		50	HR				М	
50	120	GH	10YR43 00	0		0					M	

Wetness Grade 1 Wetness Class I
Gleying cm
SPL cm

Drought Grade 3B APW 70 mm MBW -38 mm APP 67 mm MBP -34 mm

FINAL ALC GRADE 3B

MAIN LIMITATION Droughtiness

program ALC012

LIST OF BORINGS HEADERS 08/02/95 HANTS MINS OM SITE 13 page 1

SAMPI	L	,	SPECT				WET	NESS	-WH(EAT	Р0	TS-	М	REL	EROSN	FROST	CHEM	ALC		
ИО	GRID REF	USE		GRDNT	GLEY	SPL	CLASS	GRADE	ΑP	MB	AP	MB	DRT	FLOOD	Ex	P DIST	LIMIT		COM	MENTS
1	SU15201190	LEY	E	01			1	1	108	0	113	12	3A				DR	3 A	Imp	70
1P	SU15401170	LĘY					1	1	65	-43	62	39	3B				DR	3B	Pit	at B8
2	SU15301190	LEY	Ε	01			1	1	94	14	94	-7	3A				DR	ЗА	Imp	60
3	SU15401190	LEY	W	01			1	1	112	4	112	11	3A				DR	ЗА	Imp	80
4	SU15221180	LEY					1	1	109	1	116	15	3A				DR	ЗА	Imp	70
5	SU15301180	LEY					1	1	110	2	116	15	3A				DR	3A	Imp	70
6	SU15401180	LEY					1	1	84	24	83	18	3B				DR	38	Imp	55
7	SU15301170	LEY					1	1	85	-23	82	19	3B				DR	3B	Imp	50
8	SU15401170	LEY					1	1	70	-38	67	-34	3B				DR	38	Imp	50
_																				

rogram ALCO11

COMPLETE LIST OF PROFILES 08/02/95 HANTS MINS OM SITE 13

- MOTTLES - - PED -STONES--- STRUCT/ SUBS SAMPLE DEPTH TEXTURE COLOUR COL ABUN CONT COL GLEY 2 6 LITH TOT CONSIST STR POR IMP SPL CALC 2 0 HR 0 25 mzcl 10YR42 43 3 25 50 m≲zl 10YR43 00 0 0 HR 3 М mc1 0 0 HR 50 60 10YR43 00 3 М 60-70 mc1 10YR43 00 0 0 HR 40 М 10YR43 00 0 0 0 Р 70 120 gh ms l 10 0 HR 0 29 10YR42 00 22 hand textd mszl 10YR42 00 0 0 HR 29 35 34 М hand textd mszl ms l 35 50 mc1 10YR42 00 0 0 HR 50 М 50 120 gh 10YR43 00 0 0 0 М 5 0 HR 0 25 10YR42 43 8 mszl 0 0 HR 25 40 msz1 10YR43 00 8 М 10YR43 00 0 0 HR 10 40 50 mc1 50 60 mc1 10YR43 00 0 0 HR 40 М 10YR43 00 0 0 0 60 120 gh М 0 25 10YR42 00 5 0 HR 8 mszl 25 40 msz] 10YR43 00 0 0 HR 8 М 10YR43 00 0 0 HR 40-75 8 М m¢1 0 0 HR 75 80 mc1 10YR53 43 40 М 80 120 gh 10YR53 00 0 0 0 М 0 0 HR 0-30 m≶zl 10YR43 00 7 10YR54 00 O O HR 30 55 5 М mc1 0 0 HR 10YR52 00 5 М 55 70 mszl 0 0 70 120 10YR52 00 0 М 10YR43 00 0 0 HR 8 0 30 mşzl 0 0 HR 30 55 mşzl 10YR44 00 5 М 55-70 mc l 10YR44 00 0 0 HR 5 М 75YR44 00 0 0 70-120 gh 10YR42 00 7 1 HR 17 0 25 mşzl 25 55 mc1 10YR43 00 0 0 HR 17 М 0 0 55 120 gh 10YR43 00 0 10 0 HR 0 30 mszl 10YR43 00 15 75YR44 00 0 0 HR 10 М 30 50 mc 1 0 0 75YR44 00 0 М 50-120 gh 10 0 HR 0-29 നളമി 10YR42 00 22 10YR42 00 0 0 HR 34 М 29-35 msz1 10YR42 00 0 0 HR 50 М 35 50 m¢1 0 0 10YR43 00 0 М 50-120 gh

page 1