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ISLE OF WIGHT UNITARY DEVELOPMENT PLAN OBJECTOR SITES Land at Westridge Farm, Elmfield

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Agricultural Land Classification ALC Map and Report

September 1998

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Resource Planning Team _ Eastern Region FRCA Reading **RPT Job Number: 1600/085/98 MAFF Reference: EL 16/01251**

AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

ISLE OF WIGHT UNITARY DEVELOPMENT PLAN - OBJECTOR SITES LAND AT WESTRIDGE FARM, ELMFIELD

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This report presents the findings of a detailed Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) survey of 31.0 hectares of land at Westridge Farm, Elmfield, to the east of Ryde on the Isle of Wight. The survey was carried out during September 1998.
- 2. The survey was undertaken by the Farming and Rural Conservation Agency (FRCA)¹ on behalf of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (MAFF), in connection with its statutory input to the Isle of Wight Unitary Development Plan. The survey covers two areas put forward as objector sites, these are outlined on the accompanying map. In order to provide a context for appraising these sites, further, adjacent land was also surveyed. This survey supersedes any previous ALC information for this land.
- 3. The work was conducted by members of the Resource Planning Team in the Eastern Region of FRCA. The land has been graded in accordance with the published MAFF ALC guidelines and criteria (MAFF, 1988). A description of the ALC grades and subgrades is given in Appendix I.
- 4. At the time of survey the land was in permanent and ley grassland, oilseed rape, and stubble. The areas mapped as 'Other land' include agricultural buildings, residential gardens and woodland.

SUMMARY

- 5. The findings of the survey are shown on the enclosed ALC map. The map has been drawn at a scale of 1:10,000. It is accurate at this scale but any enlargement would be misleading.
- 6. The area and proportions of the ALC grades and subgrades on the objector sites and all of the surveyed land are summarised in Tables 1 to 3 inclusive.
- 7. The fieldwork was conducted at an average density of 1 boring per hectare of agricultural land. In total, 33 borings and four soil pits were described.

Grade/Other land	Area (hectares)	% site area
2	2.6	78.8
3a	0.7	21.2
Total site area	3.3	100

Table 1: Area of grades - Objector Site 1

¹ FRCA is an executive agency of MAFF and the Welsh Office

Table 2: Area of grades - Objector Site 2

Grade/Other land	Area (hectares)	% site area
36	1.5	100
Total site area	1.5	100

Table 3: Area of grades and other land - Total land surveyed at Westridge Farm, Elmfield

Grade/Other land	Area (hectares)	% surveyed area	% site area
2	2.6	9.1	8.4
3a	6.1	21.2	19.7
3b	20.0	69.7	64.5
Other Land	2.3	-	7.4
Total surveyed area	28.7	100	92.6
Total site area	31.0		100

- 8. The agricultural land at this site has been classified as Grade 2 (very good quality), Subgrade 3a (good quality) and Subgrade 3b (moderate quality). The key limitation is soil wetness with soil droughtiness being equally or more restricting in places. Soils vary in nature and across short distances, especially on land surrounding Westridge Farm.
- 9. Soil wetness affects land quality where clayey horizons impede soil drainage. The degree of wetness, and therefore the ALC grade, is determined by the depth to clay. Across the lower lying land in the south of the site, clay occurs at shallow depths below the topsoil and land is poorly drained such that Subgrade 3b is appropriate. Where clayey horizons occur lower in the profile, soil wetness is less significant, allowing Subgrade 3a or Grade 2 to be mapped. Excessive soil wetness will restrict seed germination and growth as well as limit the timing of cultivations. Wet soils such as these are also susceptible to structural damage through trafficking by agricultural machinery and grazing livestock.
- 10. Soil droughtiness (often in combination with soil wetness) restricts the land quality to Grade 2 or Subgrade 3a on the higher land around Westridge Farm. The profiles in the Grade 2 unit tend to comprise deeper, well drained, sandier soils with little stone content throughout whilst soils in the Subgrade 3a unit are often impenetrable to the soil auger at shallow to moderate depths as a result of higher stone contents in the profile. In this local climatic regime, the combination of soil textures, structures, and stone contents acts to restrict the amount of profile available water for crops. As a result the level and consistency of crop yields may be restricted.

FACTORS INFLUENCING ALC GRADE

Climate

11. Climate affects the grading of land through the assessment of an overall climatic limitation and also through interactions with soil characteristics.

- 12. The key climatic variables used for grading this site are given in Table 2 and were obtained from the published 5km grid datasets using the standard interpolation procedures (Met. Office, 1989).
- 13. The climatic criteria are considered first when classifying land as climate can be overriding in the sense that severe limitations will restrict land to low grades irrespective of favourable site or soil conditions.
- 14. The main parameters used in the assessment of an overall climatic limitation are average annual rainfall (AAR), as a measure of overall wetness, and accumulated temperature (ATO, January to June), as a measure of the relative warmth of a locality.

Factor	Units	Values							
Grid reference Altitude Accumulated Temperature Average Annual Rainfall Field Capacity Days Moisture Deficit, Wheat Moisture Deficit, Potatoes	N/A m. AOD day°C (Jan-June) mm days mm mm	SZ 611 913 20 1539 821 168 115 111	SZ 608 915 40 1516 842 171 112 106	SZ 607 916 45 1510 847 172 111 105					
Overall climatic grade	N/A	Grade 1	Grade 1	Grade 1					

Table 2: Climatic and altitude data

15. The combination of rainfall and temperature at this site mean that there is no overall climatic limitation. The site is however in close proximity to the coastline and may be at slight risk from exposure. Upon detailed field examination, exposure is not considered to be significant enough to limit land quality any further than Grade 2. Other local factors such as frost risk and flooding are not believed to have a significant effect on the site.

Site

16. The agricultural land at this site lies at an altitude of 15-45m AOD and is flat or gently sloping towards the south or south-east. Flooding restrictions and microrelief do not affect land quality.

Geology and soils

- 17. The most detailed published geological information (BGS, 1976) shows the north and west parts of the site to lie over marine gravel and the south and east parts of the site to lie over Bembridge Marls (a clayey/marly deposit).
- 18. The most recently published soils information for the site shows the north and west of the survey area to be mapped as Sonning 2 Association and the south and east to be mapped as Wickham 4 Association. The former is described as 'well drained flinty coarse loamy and gravelly soils. Associated with slowly permeable seasonally waterlogged fine loamy over clayey soils, and coarse loamy over clayey soils with slowly permeable subsoils and slight seasonal waterlogging' (SSEW,1983). The latter is described as 'slowly permeable

seasonally waterlogged fine loamy over clayey soils, often with brown subsoils' (SSEW, 1983).

AGRICULTURAL LAND CLASSIFICATION

- 19. The details of the classification of the site are shown on the attached ALC map and the area statistics of each grade are given in Table 1.
- 20. The location of the auger borings and pits is shown on the attached sample location map and the details of the soils data are presented in Appendix II.
- 21. The agricultural land at this site is classified mainly as Subgrade 3b (moderate quality) with smaller areas of Grade 2 (very good quality) and Subgrade 3a (good quality) occurring on the higher land in the northern part of the site. The lower quality land is affected mainly by soil wetness, whilst soil droughtiness tends to be more restricting on the better quality land.

Grade 2

22. A small proportion of the survey area (totalling 2.6 hectares) in the north of the site is mapped as Grade 2 (very good quality agricultural land). The land is limited to a minor extent by soil droughtiness. The soil profiles comprise medium clay loam topsoils, which are stoneless or very slightly stony (containing up to 2% total flint). These overlie very similar upper subsoils which sometimes show evidence of impeded drainage in the form of gleying. Lower subsoils are gleyed and often become heavier in texture with increasing depth and are very slightly to slightly stony (containing up to 15% total flint rock). A wetness class of I or II is assigned to these soils (depending on the existence of, or depth to, gleying). Crop germination and growth may be slightly affected in areas where drainage is slightly impeded. The timing of cultivations may also be restricted as trafficking by agricultural machinery or grazing by livestock may lead to structural damage. In addition to soil wetness the combination of the soil textures and stone contents means that the land is also affected by a very minor soil droughtiness limitation. The amount of profile available water for crops is therefore restricted slightly and the level and consistency of crop growth and yields may be reduced.

Subgrade 3a

- 23. Soil profiles within the Subgrade 3a unit (good quality agricultural land) are similar to those described in the Grade 2 unit, but the severity of the droughtiness and/or wetness limitation is greater.
- 24. The profiles within this unit generally comprise medium clay loam topsoils which are very slightly or slightly stony (containing up to 8% total flints). The upper subsoils vary in composition from medium clay loam to clay, are often gleyed, and contain up to 15% hard rock. Where soil droughtiness is overriding the profiles are impenetrable to the auger at variable depths between 35cm and 45cm over very stony, hard and dry subsoils which contain up to 56% total flint. A Wetness Class of I or II has been ascribed to these soils. Soil Pit 2 is representative of these soils types (see Appendix II). The combination of soil texture and the amount of hard rock restricts the water available to crops such that there is a moderate risk of drought stress to the plants in most years. Where soil wetness is more limiting to soil droughtiness, profiles tend to have poorly structured, slowly permeable, clay horizons which

occur at depths in the range 58cm to 65cm. In this climatic regime, the occurrence of waterlogging as a result of the slowly permeable horizons at moderate depths results in a minor soil wetness limitation such that the soils are placed in Wetness Class III. This degree of wetness, in combination with the topsoil textures and the prevailing field capacity level (168-172 days), limits this land to Subgrade 3a. Crop germination and growth may therefore be adversely affected and cultivations may also be restricted. Very occasional borings of better quality occur within the Subgrade 3a mapping unit but were too few and far between to be mapped separately at this scale.

Subgrade 3b

- 25. The majority of the site has been classified as Subgrade 3b (moderate quality agricultural land) on the basis of a significant soil wetness limitation.
- 26. Most of the land south of Westridge Farm is limited to Subgrade 3b due to a soil wetness problem. The majority of the profiles comprise very slightly or slightly stony (0-15% flint) medium clay loam or occasionally heavy clay loam topsoils. These sometimes overlie variably stony, shallow, upper subsoils which are similar or slightly heavier in texture and show evidence of wetness in the form of gleying. At shallow depths within the profile (22cm to 44cm), clay subsoils are encountered which impede soil drainage. Soil inspection pits 3P and 4P (see Appendix II) reveal these shallow clay lower subsoils to be poorly structured and slowly permeable. These soils fall into Wetness Class IV, and the heavy nature of the topsoils in combination with the local climatic regime limits such land to Subgrade 3b. Occasional borings of better quality occur within the Subgrade 3b mapping unit but were too few and far between to be mapped separately at this scale.

Sharron Cauldwell Resource Planning Team Eastern Region FRCA

SOURCES OF REFERENCE

British Geological Survey (1976) *Sheet No's. 344 and 345, Isle of Wight.* BGS: London.

Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales: Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land. MAFF: London.

Met. Office (1989) *Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification*. Met. Office: Bracknell.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1983) *Sheet 6, Soils of South East England.* SSEW: Harpenden.

Soil Survey of England and Wales (1984) Soils and their Use in South East England SSEW: Harpenden

APPENDIX I

DESCRIPTIONS OF THE GRADES AND SUBGRADES

Grade 1: Excellent Quality Agricultural Land

Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.

Grade 2: Very Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield, cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural or horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land of this grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1 land.

Grade 3: Good to Moderate Quality Land

Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, the timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. When more demanding crops are grown, yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

Subgrade 3a: Good Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals, or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals, grass, oilseed rape, potatoes, sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops.

Subgrade 3b: Moderate Quality Agricultural Land

Land capable of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally cereals and grass, or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the year.

Grade 4: Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or the level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (e.g. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land.

Grade 5: Very Poor Quality Agricultural Land

Land with severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops.

ΑΡΡΕΝΟΙΧ Π

SOIL DATA

Contents:

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Sample location map

Soil abbreviations - explanatory note

Soil pit descriptions

Soil boring descriptions (boring and horizon levels)

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SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTIONS: EXPLANATORY NOTE

Soil pit and auger boring information collected during ALC fieldwork is held on a computer database. This uses notations and abbreviations as set out below.

Boring Header Information

- 1. GRID REF: national 100 km grid square and 8 figure grid reference.
- 2. USE: Land use at the time of survey. The following abbreviations are used:

ARA:	Arable	WHT:	Wheat	BAR:	Barley
CER:	Cereals	OAT:	Oats	MZE:	Maize
OSR:	Oilseed rape	BEN:	Field beans	BRA:	Brassicae
POT:	Potatoes	SBT:	Sugar beet	FCD:	Fodder crops
LIN:	Linseed	FRT:	Soft and top fruit	FLW:	Fallow
PGR:	Permanent	LEY:	Ley grass	RGR:	Rough grazing
SCR:	Scrub	CFW:	Coniferous woodland	ОТН	Other
DCW:	Deciduous woodland	BOG:	Bog or marsh	SAS:	Set-Aside
HTH:	Heathland	HRT:	Horticultural crops	PLO:	Ploughed

- 3. GRDNT: Gradient as estimated or measured by a hand-held optical clinometer.
- 4. GLEY/SPL: Depth in centimetres (cm) to gleying and/or slowly permeable layers.
- 5. AP (WHEAT/POTS): Crop-adjusted available water capacity.
- 6. MB (WHEAT/POTS): Moisture Balance. (Crop adjusted AP crop adjusted MD)
- 7. **DRT**: Best grade according to soil droughtiness.
- 8. If any of the following factors are considered significant, 'Y' will be entered in the relevant column:

MREL:Microrelief limitationFLOOD:Flood riskEROSN:Soil erosion riskEXP:Exposure limitationFROST:Frost proneDIST:Disturbed landCHEM:Chemical limitation

9. LIMIT: The main limitation to land quality. The following abbreviations are used:

OC:	Overall Climate	AE:	Aspect	ST:	Topsoil Stoniness
FR:	Frost Risk	GR:	Gradient	MR:	Microrelief
FL:	Flood Risk	TX:	Topsoil Texture	DP:	Soil Depth
CH:	Chemical	WE:	Wetness	WK:	Workability
DR	Drought	ER:	Erosion Risk	WD:	Soil Wetness/Droughtiness
$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{X}_{:}$	Exposure				_

Soil Pits and Auger Borings

1. **TEXTURE**: soil texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations:

S:	Sand	LS:	Loamy Sand	SL:	Sandy Loam
SZL:	Sandy Silt Loam	CL:	Clay Loam	ZCL:	Silty Clay Loam
ZL:	Silt Loam	SCL:	Sandy Clay Loam	C :	Clay
SC:	Sandy Clay	ZC:	Silty Clay	OL:	Organic Loam
P:	Peat	SP:	Sandy Peat	LP:	Loamy Peat
PL:	Peaty Loam	PS:	Peaty Sand	MZ:	Marine Light Silts

For the sand, loamy sand, sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes, the predominant size of sand fraction will be indicated by the use of the following prefixes:

- F: Fine (more than 66% of the sand less than 0.2mm)
- M: Medium (less than 66% fine sand and less than 33% coarse sand)
- C: Coarse (more than 33% of the sand larger than 0.6mm)

The clay loam and silty clay loam classes will be sub-divided according to the clay content: M: Medium (<27% clay) H: Heavy (27-35% clay)

- 2. MOTTLE COL: Mottle colour using Munsell notation.
- 3. MOTTLE ABUN: Mottle abundance, expressed as a percentage of the matrix or surface described:

F: few <2% C: common 2-20% M: many 20-40% VM: very many 40% +

- 4. MOTTLE CONT: Mottle contrast:
 - F: faint indistinct mottles, evident only on close inspection
 - D: distinct mottles are readily seen
 - P: prominent mottling is conspicuous and one of the outstanding features of the horizon
- 5. PED. COL: Ped face colour using Munsell notation.
- 6. GLEY: If the soil horizon is gleyed a 'Y' will appear in this column. If slightly gleyed, an 'S' will appear.
- 7. STONE LITH: Stone Lithology one of the following is used:

HR:	all hard rocks and stones	FSST:	soft, fine grained sandstone
ZR:	soft, argillaceous, or silty rocks	CH:	chalk
MSST:	soft, medium grained sandstone	GS:	gravel with porous (soft) stones
SI:	soft weathered	GH:	gravel with non-porous (hard)
	igneous/metamorphic rock		stones

Stone contents (>2cm, >6cm and total) are given in percentages (by volume).

8. STRUCT: the degree of development, size and shape of soil peds are described using the following notation:

Degree of development	WK: ST:	weakly developed strongly developed	MD:	moderately developed
Ped size	F: C:	fine coarse	M :	medium
Ped shape	S: GR: SAB: PL:	single grain granular sub-angular blocky platy	M: AB: PR:	massive angular blocky prismatic

9. CONSIST: Soil consistence is described using the following notation:

L: loose	FM: firm	EH: extremely hard
VF: very friable	VM: very firm	
FR: friable	EM: extremely firm	

10. SUBS STR: Subsoil structural condition recorded for the purpose of calculating profile droughtiness: G: good M: moderate P: poor

- 11. POR: Soil porosity. If a soil horizon has less than 0.5% biopores >0.5 mm, a 'Y' will appear in this column.
- 12. IMP: If the profile is impenetrable to rooting a 'Y' will appear in this column at the appropriate horizon.
- 13. SPL: Slowly permeable layer. If the soil horizon is slowly permeable a 'Y' will appear in this column.
- 14. CALC: If the soil horizon is calcareous, a 'Y' will appear in this column.

15. Other notations:

- APW: available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for wheat
- APP: available water capacity (in mm) adjusted for potatoes
- MBW: moisture balance, wheat
- MBP: moisture balance, potatoes

SAMP	LE		ASPE	म			W E1	INESS	-WH	IEAT-	-PC	TS-	۴	1. REL	EROSN	FROST	CHEM	ALC	
NO.	GRID REF	U	SE	GRDNT	GLEY	SPL	CLASS	GRADE	AP	MB	AP	MB	DRT	FL000	EX	DIST	LIMIT		COMMENTS
1	SZ6080918	io s	TB		25		2	2	113	2	113	8	3A				WD	2	SEE 1P
2	SZ6080170	0 S	ТВ		38		2	2	83	-28	83	-22	3B				WD	2	SEE 1P
3	SZ6074916	5 0	SR		42		1	1	137	26	106	1	2				DR	2	SEE 1P
4	SZ6080916	0 P	GR		25		2	2	57	-54	57	-48	4				DR	3A	SEE 2P
5	SZ6060915	10 P	GR SW	2			1	1	45	-66	45	-60	4				WE	38	SEE 3P
6	SZ6073915	10 P	gr se	3			1	1	74	-37	74	-31	38				DR	3A	145 SEE 2P
7	SZ6080915	10 P	gr se	2			1	1	71	-40	71	-34	38				DR	3A	I43 SEE 2P
8	SZ6050914	0 P	gr se	2	0		2	2	57	-54	57	-48	4				WE	3B	I35 SEE 3P
9	SZ6090915	57 P	GR E	2	25		2	2	66	-45	66	-39	4				DR	3A	I40 SEE 2P
10	SZ6100916	10 P	GR SE	2	27	58	3	3A	111	0	109	4	3A				WE	3A	
_10A	SZ6103916	8 P	GR SE	1			1	1	39	-72	39	-66	4				DR	3B	125 SEE 2P
11	SZ6110916	0 P	GR SE	۱	0	38	4	38	93	-7	104	-1	3A				WE	3B	SEE 4P
12	SZ6090915	io p	GR SE	3	23	65	3	3A	144	33	113	8	2				WE	3A	
13	SZ6100915	io pi	GR SW	2	26		2	2	154	43	116	11	1				WE	2	SEE 2P
14	SZ6110915	10 LI	ey se	3	24	24	4	38	96	-15	100	-5	34				WE	3B	SEE 4P
15	SZ6120915	юц	ey se	3	0	22	4	38	91	-20	96	-9	3A				WÉ	3B	SEE 4P
16	SZ6060914	0 P	GR SE	3	39	39	4	38	124	13	102	-3	2				WE	38	SEE 3P
17	SZ6070914	0 P	GR SE	3	25		2	2	53	-58	53	-52	4				WE	3B	I25 SEE 3P
18	SZ6080914	0 PI	GR S	3	0	25	4	3B	87	-24	99	-6	3B				WE	38	SEE 4P
19	SZ6090914	0 LI	EY SE	3	0	25	4	3B	88	-23	99	-6	3B				WE	3B	SEE 4P
20	SZ6100914	0 P(GR SE	2	0	25	4	3B	97	-14	102	-3	3A				WE	38	SEE 4P
21	SZ6110914	0 LI	EY SE	2	0	25	4	3B	86	-25	90	-15	38				WE	38	SEE 4P
22	SZ6120914	0 LI	ey se	1	28	50	3	3A	132	21	109	4	2				WE	3A	SANDY
23	SZ6050913	0 LI	ey se	3	25	25	4	3B	95	-16	100	-5	3A				WE	3B	SEE 3P
24	SZ6060913	0 LI	ey se	2	25	45	4	3B	101	-10	106	1	3A				WE	38	SEE 3P
25	SZ6070913	0 P	GR SE	3	28	28	4	38	99	-12	104	-1	3A				WE	38	SEE 4P
26	SZ6080913	0 M	CL S₩	2	26	26	4	38	98	-13	103	-2	3A				WE	38	SEE 4P
27	SZ6090913	0 P(GR SE	2	0	24	4	3B	90	-21	102	-3	38				WE	38	SEE 4P
28	SZ6100913	O LI	ey se	3	28	28	4	3B	104	-7	101	-4	3A				WE	38	SEE 4P
29	SZ6110913	0 P	GR SH	3	35	40	4	3B	9 7	-14	102	-3	3A				WE	38	SEE 3P
30	SZ6090912	0 P(GR SW	1	35	44	4	38	105	-6	110	5	3A				WE	38	SEE 4P
31	SZ6102912	2 P	GR SE	3	28	74	3	3A	138	27	114	9	2				WE	3A	SEE 1P
32	SZ6073918	7 S	ТВ		28	95	2	2	145	34	115	10	1				WĘ	2	SEE 1P
1P	SZ6080918	0 03	SR		27		2	2	142	31	113	8	2				WD	2	PIT TO 120
2P	SZ6080915	0 P(GR SE	2	37		2	2	79	-32	86	-19	38				DR	3A	IF 120 -11 WHT
3P	SZ6050914	0 P	GR SE	2	0	44	4	3B	91	-20	99	-6	3A				WE	3B	PIT TO 80
4P	SZ6100914	0 LI	EY SE	2	0	25	4	3B	121	10	98	-7	2				WE	38	PIT 75 AUG 120

COMPLETE LIST OF PROFILES 30/11/98 IOW, WESTRIDGE, ELMFIELD

					MOTTLE	s	PED		S	TONE	s	STRUCT/	SUBS		
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL	ABUN	CONT	COL.	GLEY	>2 >6	LIT	н тот	CONSIST	STR POR IMP	SPL CALC	
1	0-25	MCL	10YR43						0	он	R	1			
	25-54	MCL	10YR5364	75YR5	6 M			Y	0	0 н	R :	3	м		
	54-65	HCL	10YR53	75YR5	18 M			Y	0	0 н	R 2	2	м		
1	65–88	С	10YR53	75YR5	18 M			Y	0	0 H	R !	5	M		IMP FLINTS
2	0-30	MCL.	10YR43						0	0 н	R a	2			
	30-38	MCL	25Y53	75YR4	-6 F				0	0 н	R 10)	M		
	38-50	HCL.	10YR63	75YR5	6 C			Y	0	0 H	R !	5	M		IMP FLINTS
3	0-32	MCL.	10YR43						1	0 н	R	1			
	32-42	MCL.	10YR53						0	0 н	R	I	M		
	42-90	HCL	10YR52	10YR5	16 M	D		Y	0	0 H	R	I	Р		POROUS
•	90-103	MCL	10YR62	10YR5	i6 M	D		Y	0	0 н	R :	3	м		LOOSE
	103–120	MCL	10YR53	10YR5	6 C	D		Y	0	0 н	R 1!	5	M		POROUS
4	0-25	MCL.	10YR53						0	0 н	R	,			
)	25-35	С	10YR62	10YR5	8 M	D	10YR58	Y	0	ОН	R 10)	M		IMP FLINTS
5	0-26	MCL	10YR43						0	0 н	R!	5			IMP FLINTS
6	0-25	MCL,	10YR3242						0	0 н	R a	2			
	25-40	MCL	10YR4353						0	0 H	R !	5	м		
	40-45	MCL	10YR4353	10YR5	6 F	D			0	0 H	r 20)	м		IMP FLINTS
7	0-35	MCL.	10YR42						0	0 н	R!	5			
1	35-43	HCL	10YR4353	10YR5	6 F	D			0	0 H	R 1!	õ	м		IMP FLINTS
8	0-25	MCL	10YR42	10YR4	6 C	D		Y	0	0 H	R	1			
ļ	25-35	С	25763	10YR5	8 M	D		Y	0	0 н	R 2!	5	M		IMP FLINTS
9	0-25	MCL	10YR42	10YR5	в с				0	он	R	2			
	25-40	HCL	10YR53	75YR5	8 M			Y	0	0 н	R 10)	M		IMP FLINTS
10	0-27	MCL	10YR43						0	0 н	R 2	2			
	27-45	MCL.	10YR53	10YR5	8 C			Y	0	0 н	R 10)	м		
ļ	45-58	HCL	10YR64	75YR5	18 M			Y	0	0 H	R S	5	м		
1	58-90	С	25Y73	75YR6	8 M			Y	0	0 H	R	2	Ρ	Y	IMP FLINTS
10A	0-25	MCL	10YR43						0	он	R 19	5			IMP FLINTS
11	0-27	MCL	10YR42	75YR4	6 C			Y	0	он	R á	2			
	27-38	HCL	10YR6271	75YR6	8 M			Y	0	0 H	R 10)	м		
	38-70	С	25Y71	75YR6	8 M			Y	0	0 H	R 2	2	Ρ	Y	PLASTIC
12	0-23	MCL	10YR43	10YR4	3 F	D			0	0 н	R S	5			
	23-30	С	05Y62	10YR5	6 C	D		Y	0	0	()	м		
	30-65	HCL	25Y64	10YR4	6 M	D		Y	0	0	()	м		
	65-95	С	25Y63	10YR5	M 8	D		Y	0	0	()	P	Y	PLASTIC
l	95-120	MCL.	25Y62	10YR5	M 8	D		Y	0	0	()	M		

COMPLETE LIST OF PROFILES 30/11/98 IOW, WESTRIDGE, ELMFIELD

				MO T	TLES		PED	-	§	STON	ES	STRUCT/	SUBS			
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL AB	UN	CONT	COL.	GLEY >	•2 >6	5 ĻI	тн т	OT CONSIST	STR POR IN	IP SPL CA	ALC	
13	0-26	MCL	10YR42						0	01	⊦R	2				
	2677	MCL.	25Y64	10YR56	С	D		Y	0	0		0	Μ			
_	77-120	MCL	25Y72	10YR56	С	D		Y	0	0		0	м			
14	0-24	HCL.	10YR42	10YR46	F	D			0	01	HR	2				
-	24-50	С	25Y 52	10YR58	M	D		Y	0	01	IR	5	Ρ	Ŷ		
8	50-80	С	25Y 72	10YR68	M	D		Ŷ	0	0 0	ЭН	15	Ρ	Y	Y	
15	0-22	С	10YR41	10YR58	С	D		Y	0	0 1	łR	5				
	22-50	С	25Y 62	75YR58	M	D		Ŷ	0	0 1	łR	5	Р	Y		
	50-80	С	05Y 62	10YR5868	M	D		Y	0	0 (ж	5	Р	¥	Y	
16	0-25	MCL	10YR42	10YR46	F	D			0	0 1	IR	5				
	25-39	HCL	10YR5343	10YR58	F	D			0	0 H	IR	10	M			
	39-120	С	05Y 62	10YR58	M	D		Y	0	01	IR	5	Р	Y		
17	0-25	MCL	10YR42						0	0 1	łR	5				
	25-35	С	25Y 5252	10YR5658	С	D		Y	0	0 F	IR	20	P			IMP FLINTS
18	0-25	HCL	10YR53	10YR56	С	D		Y	0	0 F	IR	5				
	2570	С	05Y72	10YR56	M	D		Y	0	0 1	IR	5	P	Y		
19	0-25	MCL	10YR42	10YR56	С	D		Y	0	0 H	IR	2				
	2540	С	25Y 52	10YR58	M	D		Y	0	0 1	IR	10	P	Y		
	40-70	С	05Y 62	10YR58	M	D		Y	0	0 H	IR	5	P	Ŷ		
20	0-25	MCL	10YR43	10YR56	F	D		Y	0	0 H	IR	2				
	25-70	С	05Y51	10YR58	M	D		Y	0	0 Н	IR	2	Ρ	Ŷ		
	70-80	С	05Y51	10YR58	M	Ð		Y	0	0 0	н	5	Ρ	Y	Y	
21	0-25	HCL	10YR43	10YR56	с	Ð		Y	0	0 H	IR	10				
	25-45	C	10YR52	10YR58	M	D		Y	0	0 H	R	30	P	Ŷ		
_	45-80	C	25Y 5262	10YR58	M	D		Y	0	0 H	iR	5	Р	Y	Ŷ	
22	028	MCL	10YR43						0	0 H	R	2				
	28-50	HCL	10YR5453	10YR56	С	D		Y	0	0 H	R	2	M			SANDY
	50-120	C	25Y 52	10YR58	M	D		Y	0	0 H	R	3	Р	Y		SANDY
23	0-25	MCL	10YR42						0	0 H	IR	5				
-	25-80	С	25Y6263	10YR5658	м	D		Y	0	0 H	R	2	Р	Y		
24	0-25	MCL	10YR42						0	oн	R	5				
	25-45	HCL	10YR53	10YR56	C	D		Y	0	0 Н	R	3	м			
	45-80	С	25Y 5262	10YR5262	м	0		Y	0	0		0	P	Y		
25	0-28	MCL	10YR42						0	0 н	R	2				
	28-80	С	25Y5371	10YR68	м	D		Y	0	0		0	Р	Y		

COMPLETE LIST OF PROFILES 30/11/98 IOW, WESTRIDGE, ELMFIELD

				MO TT	ELES		PED	-	5	TON	FS	STRUCT/	SU	RS				
SAMPLE	DEPTH	TEXTURE	COLOUR	COL ABL	JN	CONT	COL.	GLEY	>2 >6		тн тот	CONSIST	ST	~ R РО	RIMP	SPL C	ALC	
26	0-26	MCL	10YR42						0	0	HR	2						
	26-38	С	25Y63	10YR56	С	D		Y	0	0		0		Ρ		Y		
	38-80	С	25Y5371	10YR68	M	D		Y	0	0		0		Ρ		Y		
27	0-24	MCL	10YR42	10YR46	С	D		Y	0	0	HR	2						
	24-70	С	05Y63	10YR56	М	F		Y	0	0		0		Ρ		Y		
28	0-28	HCL	10YR43	10YR56	F	D			0	0 1	HR	3						
	28-50	С	25Y 53	10YR58	М	D		Ŷ	0	0	HR	5		Ρ		Y		
_	50-90	С	05Y 72	10YR68	М	D		Ŷ	0	0 (CH 1	5		P		Ŷ	Ŷ	
	0.05		10/020	1000040	~	•			~	~		~						
29	0-35	HUL C	101832	107846	F A	ט ה		v	0		HK 1 UD 1							CANDY
••	35-40		101K0302	10764038	L M	5		T V	0	0	пк ; ⊔о	2 2		m 0		v		DENSE
	40-00	U U	201 3202	10162026	п	V		Ŧ	v	ψI	717	J		٣		T		UENSE
30	0-35	MCI	10YR42						n	0	HR	2						
	35-44	MCI	25764	10YR46	c	F		Y	ō	0		0		м				LOOSE
	44-80	C	25Y5371	10YR68	M	D		Ŷ	ō	Ō		- 0		P		Ŷ		SANDY
		_				-			•	-		-						
	0-28	MCL	10YR42						0	0 1	HR	5						DENSE, FIRM
	28-35	MCL	10YR53	10YR4656	С	Ð		Y	0	0 1	HR	2		M				
	35-74	HCL	25Y 6272	10YR56	М	D		Y	0	0 (HR	2		М				
	74-120	С	25Y 5262	10YR58	М	D		Y	0	0		0		Ρ		Y		LOOSE
	-																	
32	0-28	MCL	10YR43						0	0 1	HR	2						POROUS
	28-45	MCL	25Y73	75YR68	М			Y	0	0	HR	2		M				
	45-75	HCL	10YR64	75YR58	М			Ŷ	0	0	HR	2		M				
	75-95	SCL	10YR64	75YR58	M			Ŷ	0	01	HR	5		M				
	95-120	C	10YR64	75YR58	M			Ŷ	D	0		D		Р		Ŷ		
_ 10	0.27	MO	100043						1	•	uo	1						
	27_56	MCI	107843	757046	c	•		v	, 0	0	HR HD		I ED	м				1 00SE
	56-65	HCL	10YR53	107258	M	n		v	0	0	HP		2 F.M.	P				V. POROUS
	65-88	C	10YR53	10YR58	M	0		Ŷ	ŏ	0	HR		FR	, M				PORQUS
	88-120	HCL	10YR53	10YR56	c	D		Ŷ	õ	01	HR 1	5 MDCSAE	FR	M				
		-			~				-									
2P	0-22	MCL	10YR4232						2	01	HR	в						
	22-37	MCL	10YR43						0	0 1	HR	9		м				
	37-50	HCL	10YR53	10YR58	С	D		Ŷ	0	0 1	HR 4	3		M				
	50-70	С	10YR52	75YR68	Μ	Ð		Y	0	01	HR 5	5		М				
3P	0-24	MCL.	10YR42	10YR46	С	D		Y	0	01	HR	2						
	24-44	С	25Y5363	10YR68	С	Ð		Y	0	01	HR 2	5 MDCSAE	5 FR	M				POROUS
-	44-60	С	25Y63	10YR68	С	D		Y	0	0	HR	7 MDCAB	FM	Ρ	Y	Y		DENSE, FIRM
	60-75	С	05Y63	10YR68	С	D		Y	0	0	I	0 MDCAB	FM	Ρ	Y	Y		PLASTIC
	o o-		1000	10.00-5	~					•		_						
4P	U-25	MUL C	10YK41	IUYR46	C H	D ·	25V 52	Y v	0	01	HR :		FR	n	v			
	23-00		237 32 057 53	107658	11 M	0	201 55 05ven	۲ v	0	01	пк I Пр	U MUCPK	VM CM	۲ D	r v	Ŷ	v	
	00-120	U	031 03	IUTK08	m	U 1	03103	T	Ų	υI	n K .		r 11	r	1	Ŧ	т	