NATURA 2000

STANDARD DATA FORM

FOR SPECIAL PROTECTION AREAS (SPA) FOR SITES ELIGIBLE FOR IDENTIFICATION AS SITES OF COMMUNITY IMPORTANCE (SCI) AND

		FOR S	PECIAL AREA	S OF CONSI	ERVATION (S	SAC)			
1. 8	Site identifica	ation:							
	Type	A		1.2	Site code	UK90	12031		
1.3	Compilation	date	199312	1.4	Update	19990)2		
1.5	Relationship w	vith othe	er Natura 200	00 sites					
1.6 Respondent(s)		International Designations, JNCC, Peterborough							
1.7	1.7 Site name Medway Estuary and Marshes								
1.8 Site indication and designation classification dates date site proposed as eligible as SCI									
		_	3C1						
date confirmed as SCI date site classified as SPA				199312					
	site designated as			199312					
long	2.1 Site centre location longitude latitude 00 40 38 E 51 24 02 N 2.2 Site area (ha) 4684.36 2.3 Site length (km)								
2.5	Administrative	e region							
	NUTS code			Regi	on name		% co		
UK5	7		Kent				100	.00%	
2.6 Biogeographic region X Alpine Atlantic Boreal Continental Macaronesia Mediterranean 3. Ecological information: 3.1 Annex I habitats									
Habi	tat types present	on the si	te and the site	e assessmen	t for them:				
Anne	x I habitat			% cover	Representati vity	Relative surface	Conservation status	Global assessment	

A160

A141

A005

A132

A132

A195

A193

A048

A164

A162

3.2 Annex I birds and regularly occurring migratory birds not listed on Annex I **Population**

Resident Migratory Winter Population Conservation Isolation Global Code Species name Breed Stage A054 697 I В \mathbf{C} Anas acuta A056 Anas clypeata 76 I C C A052 Anas crecca 1824 I C C A050 Anas penelope 4346 I C C A169 Arenaria interpres 561 I C C A046a Branta bernicla bernicla 3205 I В C C A149 Calidris alpina alpina 25936 I В C A143 C Calidris canutus 541 I 768 I В A137 Charadrius hiaticula Cygnus columbianus A037 16 I C В bewickii A130 Haematopus ostralegus 3672 I C C A156 Limosa limosa islandica 957 I В C

1900 I

3406 I

28 P

28 P

77 P

67 I

314 I

4465 I

3690 I

10 I

C

В

С

В

A

C

C

В

В

В

Site description:

Numenius arquata

Pluvialis squatarola

Podiceps cristatus

Sterna albifrons

Sterna hirundo

Tadorna tadorna

Tringa nebularia

Tringa totanus

Recurvirostra avosetta

Recurvirostra avosetta

4.1 General site character

Habitat classes				
Marine areas. Sea inlets				
Tidal rivers. Estuaries. Mud flats. Sand flats. Lagoons (including saltwork basins)				
Salt marshes. Salt pastures. Salt steppes				
Coastal sand dunes. Sand beaches. Machair				
Shingle. Sea cliffs. Islets				
Inland water bodies (standing water, running water)				
Bogs. Marshes. Water fringed vegetation. Fens				
Heath. Scrub. Maquis and garrigue. Phygrana				
Dry grassland. Steppes				
Humid grassland. Mesophile grassland				
Alpine and sub-alpine grassland				
Improved grassland				
Other arable land				
Broad-leaved deciduous woodland				
Coniferous woodland				
Evergreen woodland				
Mixed woodland				
Non-forest areas cultivated with woody plants (including orchards, groves, vineyards, dehesas)				
Inland rocks. Screes. Sands. Permanent snow and ice				
Other land (including towns, villages, roads, waste places, mines, industrial sites)				
Total habitat cover	100%			

Site assessment

C

С

С

В

В

C

C

 \mathbf{C}

C

4.1 Other site characteristics

Soil & geology:

Alluvium, Mud, Shingle

Geomorphology & landscape:

Coastal, Estuary, Floodplain, Intertidal sediments (including sandflat/mudflat)

4.2 Quality and importance

ARTICLE 4.1 QUALIFICATION (79/409/EEC)

During the breeding season the area regularly supports:

Recurvirostra avosetta

6.2% of the GB breeding population (Western Europe/Western Mediterranean -

5 year mean, 1988-1992 breeding)

1.2% of the GB breeding population Sterna albifrons

(Eastern Atlantic - breeding) 5 year mean, 1991-1995

Sterna hirundo 0.6% of the GB breeding population

(Northern/Eastern Europe - breeding) Count.as at 1994

Over winter the area regularly supports:

Cygnus columbianus bewickii 0.2% of the GB population

(Western Siberia/North-eastern & North-western 5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

Europe)

Recurvirostra avosetta 24.7% of the GB population

(Western Europe/Western Mediterranean -

breeding)

5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

ARTICLE 4.2 QUALIFICATION (79/409/EEC)

Over winter the area regularly supports:

1.2% of the population Anas acuta

5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96 (North-western Europe)

Anas clypeata 0.8% of the population in Great Britain (North-western/Central Europe) 5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

1.3% of the population in Great Britain Anas crecca 5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96 (North-western Europe)

Anas penelope

1.6% of the population in Great Britain (Western Siberia/North-western/North-eastern 5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

Europe)

0.9% of the population in Great Britain Arenaria interpres (Western Palearctic - wintering) 5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

Branta bernicla bernicla 1.1% of the population

5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96 (Western Siberia/Western Europe)

Calidris alpina alpina 1.9% of the population

(Northern Siberia/Europe/Western Africa) 5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96 Calidris canutus

(North-eastern Canada/Greenland/Iceland/North-

western Europe)

0.2% of the population

5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

Charadrius hiaticula

(Europe/Northern Africa - wintering)

1.6% of the population

5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

Haematopus ostralegus

(Europe & Northern/Western Africa)

1% of the population in Great Britain

5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

Limosa limosa islandica (Iceland - breeding)

12.9% of the population in Great Britain 5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

Numenius arquata (Europe - breeding) 1.7% of the population in Great Britain 5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

Pluvialis squatarola

(Eastern Atlantic - wintering)

2% of the population

5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

Tadorna tadorna

(North-western Europe)

1.5% of the population

5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

Tringa nebularia

(Europe/Western Africa)

2.6% of the population in Great Britain

No count period specified.

Tringa totanus

2.1% of the population

(Eastern Atlantic - wintering)

5 year peak mean 1991/92-1995/96

ARTICLE 4.2 QUALIFICATION (79/409/EEC): AN INTERNATIONALLY IMPORTANT ASSEMBLAGE OF BIRDS

During the breeding season the area regularly supports:

Alcedo atthis, Anas platyrhynchos, Asio flammeus, Aythya ferina, Circus cyaneus, Falco columbarius, Gavia stellata, Phalacrocorax carbo, Vanellus vanellus.

Over winter the area regularly supports:

65496 waterfowl (5 year peak mean 01/04/1998)

Including:

Gavia stellata, Podiceps cristatus, Phalacrocorax carbo, Cygnus columbianus bewickii, Branta bernicla bernicla, Tadorna tadorna, Anas penelope, Anas crecca, Anas platyrhynchos, Anas acuta, Anas clypeata, Aythya ferina, Haematopus ostralegus, Recurvirostra avosetta, Charadrius hiaticula, Pluvialis squatarola, Vanellus vanellus, Calidris canutus, Calidris alpina alpina, Limosa limosa islandica, Numenius arquata, Tringa totanus, Tringa nebularia, Arenaria interpres.

4.3 Vulnerability

There is evidence of rapid erosion of intertidal habitat within the site due to natural processes and the effects of sea defences and clay extraction. Research on mudflat recharge using dredging spoil is being investigated as a means of countering the erosion.

The intertidal area is also vulnerable to disturbance from water borne recreation. This is being addressed as part of an estuary management plan.

The terrestrial part of the site depends on appropriate grazing and management of water. The availability of livestock may be affected by policy on BSE and there will be a need to investigate how this may be addressed through management agreements. The effects of abstraction on the availability of water through abstraction for other land uses and drainage for arable cultivation will be addressed through the consent review process under the Habitats Regulations. Pressures from proposed transport and industrial developments are being addressed through the planning system and under the provisions of the Habitat Regulations.

5. Site protection status and relation with CORINE biotopes:

5.1 Designation types at national and regional level

Code	% cover
UK04 (SSSI/ASSI)	100.0